PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862.--VOL. 16. PORTLAND, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1878. TERMS $8.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

Published every day (Sundays excepted) by the

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

AT 109 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND.

TERMS: Eight Dollars a Year. To mail subscribers Seven Dollars a Year if paid in advance.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS

is published every THURSDAY MORNING at $2.50 a year, if paid in advance at $2.00 a year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One inch of space, the length of column, constitutes a "square."

$1 50 per square, daily first week: 75 cents per week after; three insertions, or less, $1.00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions, or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one third additional.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS" and "AUCTION SALES," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State), for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

WILHELMJ !

The Portland Army and Navy Union

would respectfully announce that they have succeeded in perfecting an engagement for one Grand Concert in this city.

WILHELMJ,

the King of Violinist, who has been exciting such a furore of enthusiasm in musical circles in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, will appear at

CITY HALL,

Thursday Evening, Dec. 5, 1878,

Supported by the following well-known and justly celebrated artists:

Madame Teresa Carreno, Pianiste.
Miss Kate L. James, Soprano.
Signor Agnlapietro, Baritone.
Herr Maurice Strakosch, Accompanist.

In order to compensate for the late disappointment in the Kellogg-Cary Concert the price of tickets, including reserved seats, will be placed at 75 cts., notwithstanding the fact that in New York the price of tickets to these concerts was $1.50. Opening sale at Stockbridge's Tuesday morning, Dec. 3, at 9 o'clock. no30d5t

NEW ILLUSTRATED LECTURES

REV. E. C. BOLLES,

OF SALEM, MASS,

WILL LECTURE AT

GRAND ARMY HALL,

Wednesday and Thursday Ev'gs,

DEC. 4th and 5th,

— ON —

"Scenes in the Land of Scott and Burns."

— AND —

"London and the Art Treasures of South Kensington."

Each lecture will be illustrated with more than fifty fine lantern views presented in the same way as at the lecture on England received last season with so much favor.

Tickets 35 cents, for sale at Loring, Short & Harmon's and at the door. Lecture at quarter to eight.
dec2 dtt

☞ Advertiser Copy.

SALE.

On Wednesday and Thursday Afternoons and Evenings, Dec. 4th and 5th,

— AT THE —

INDIA STREET UNIVERSALIST VESTRY,

The ladies of the Martha Washington Society will hold a sale of useful and fancy articles and refreshments

Supper will be served each evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

On Wednesday evening there will be readings and a musical entertainment by young ladies and gentlemen of this city.

Thursday evening there will be a concert by an old fashioned choir and orchestra and other musical attractions.

Admission Afternoon, free; Evening, 10 cents.
dec2 dtt

Maine Charitable Mechanic Association.

The next stated meeting for Debate will take place at the

Library Room, Mechanics' Building,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 4th,

AT 7 1-2 O'CLOCK.

The question for debate:

Resolved, That the Elective Franchise should be extended to women on the same terms that it is exercised by men.

The public are invited. Per order,

GEO. C. LITTLEFIELD, GEO. T. MEANS, A. F. GERRISH, } Committee on Debates.

de2 nd3t

MUSIC HALL, PORTLAND,

Two Evenings Only.—Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 4th and 5th.

AN IMMENSE ATTRACTION !

Return of New England's favorite Actress,

DOLLIE BIDWELL,

The "Star of the East", and Everybody's Favorite. First Appearance in Four Years.

Supported by a Splendid Company of New York Dramatic Artists of unusual merit, under the management of the veteran **J. C. MYERS.**

On Wednesday Evening, Dec. 4th,

will be presented the beautiful Emotional play, entitled

East Lynne, OR THE Elopement.

LADY ISABEL. MADAME VINE. } .....DOLLIE BIDWELL

Supported by the full strength of the Most Excellent New York Company.

Notwithstanding the very great expense attending this superb dramatic organization the management have determined on a **Low Price of Admission.**

25 cts; Reserved Seats, 35 Cts.

Box Office open for sale of tickets, Monday, Dec. 2d, and every day thereafter. For full particulars, cast of characters, &c., see programmes. Good music by Chandler's orchestra. Thursday Ev'g, Dec. 5th, another excellent programme. Curtain rises at 8 o'clock; doors open at 7 o'clock

no30d5t H. W. MAYNARD, Business Manager.

PORTLAND THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Wednesday, Dec. 4th.

BLIND TOM !

The Musical Phenomenon of the Age, renowned throughout the world as the greatest

NATURAL PIANIST LIVING.

At these performances, Blind Tom will exhibit the marvellous gift which has gained him world-wide celebrity, and which has both astonished and delighted the greatest masters of music.

Admission	50 cts.
Children	25 cts.
Reserved Seats	75 cts.
Gallery	35 cts.

Tickets at Box Office at the Theatre. no30d5t

Fraternity Dances !

THIRD ANNUAL COURSE.

CITY HALL,

Wednesday Evenings, Nov. 27th, Dec. 11, 25th, Jan. 8, 22d, Feb. 5, 19th,

IN AID OF THE

PORTLAND FRATERNITY.

General Committee.

T C HERSEY, Esq, President Fraternity.
SAMUEL J ANDERSON, Esq, Vice President.

HON M M BUTLER, HON A E STEVENS, HON GEO P WESCOTT, HON JACOB MCLELLAN, HON WM L PUTNAM, HON B KINGSBURY, JR, HON I WASHBURN JR, MR NATHAN WEBB, MR CHAS E JOSE, MR S T PULLEN, MR M P EMERY, MR S E SPRING, MR I P FARRINGTON, MR GEO S HUNT, MR H N JOSE, MR GEO W WOODMAN, MR CHAS MCLAUGHLIN, MR JOHN N LORD, MR J S WINSLOW, MR J P BAXTER, MR D W FESSENDEN, MR LEWIS PIERCE, MR W F MILLIKEN.

Committee on Entertainments.

WM ALLEN, JR, WM W THOMAS JR, WM SENTER, JR, E C JORDAN, HARRY FESSENDEN, B B PECK, A E WEBB, FRED R FARRINGTON, LINCOLN C CUMMINGS, ELBRIDGE GERRY, JR.

Tickets for of the course seven evenings, admitting Gentlemen and Ladies, **$5.00** to be obtained of the Committee on Entertainments. Evening tickets $1.25.

No intermission at the dances except on the last night of the course, when extra attractions will be offered.

Music by Chandler's Full Quadrille Band.
no21 eod3m

Best is the Cheapest !

CORTICELLI

Spool Silk & Twist.

100 YARDS ON EACH SPOOL. WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT—Length, Strength and Quality.

NONOTUCK SILK CO.

Sole Manufacturers.

Sold by all Leading Jobbers and Retailers.

ASK FOR IT !

21 eod8w

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILBUR F. LUNT,

Attorney at Law.

Office in Post Office Building, Portland. Maine Will attend promptly to business in Cumberland and York Counties. oct d3m*

FRANCIS H. LORD,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR,

23 Court Street, Boston.

☞ Particular attention given to collections, Insolvency and Commercial Litigation. oc10d6m

B. F. PRITCHARD,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance Broker.

Mortgages and loans negotiated. $25,000 wanted to invest in first-class mortgages. All business intrusted to me will be promptly attended to. Office—12 Market Square, Portland, Me.
je3 eodtf

GEORGE M. SEIDERS,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE, 100 EXCHANGE ST.

Formerly occupied by Judge Bonney.

Prompt attention given to Collecting, Probate Business, &c. no26eod2m

ESTABLISHED 1860

RANDAL H. FOOTE, BANKER

70 Broadway New York.

HAVING been for twelve years a member of New York Stock Exchange and Vice-President of Gold Board, the highest character and experience is guaranteed. Stocks, Gold, and Bonds, also Stock contracts, such as "straddles," "puts," and "calls," on large or small amounts, bought and sold on regular commissions and moderate margins. Pamphlet entitled "Wall Street," and stock tables containing valuable information, mailed on receipt of fee.
an26 eodly

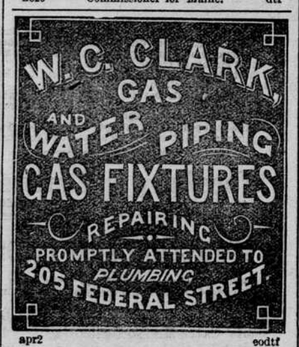
HAROLD SMITH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR

AT LAW,

120 Broadway, Room 70, New York City.

no20 Commissioner for Maine. dtf



apr2 eodtf

MATT ADAMS,

Constable for Portland,

AND

Coroner for Cumberland County,

51 1-2 EXCHANGE STREET.

Service of precepts of all kinds a specialty. Confidential advice given, and services rendered in the detection and arrest of criminals. Business attended to at all hours.
jan3 dtf

STEPHEN BERRY,

Book Job and Card Printer,

No. 37 PLUM STREET.

BUILDERS.

The undersigned have this day associated themselves together, under the firm name

Pittee & Doughty

and will carry on business as **Carpenters and Builders,** at

Rear of Sager's Stable, Oak St.

H. H. PITTEE.
G. WM. DOUGHTY.

March 11th, 1878. *martldly

REMOVAL!

E. E. Holt, M. D.,

610 CONGRESS STREET.

Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4, 6 to 7 p. m.
no26 dtf

Aretas Shurtleff,

BOND DEALER,

NO. 194 MIDDLE STREET,

3 Doors west Canal National Bank.
no8 d1m

PATENTS

obtained for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State.

Address: **LOUIS BAGGER & Co.,** *Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building,* **Washington, D. C.**

PATENTS obtained for mechanical devices, medical, or other compounds, ornamental designs, trade-marks, and labels, Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, &c., inventions that have been promptly attended to.

REJECTED by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be secured by us. Being opposite the Patent Office, we can make closer searches, and secure Patents more promptly and with broader claims than those who are remote from Washington.

INVENTORS send us a model or sketch of your device; we make examinations *free of charge* and advise as to patentability. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices low, **AND NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.**

We refer to officials in the Patent Office, and to inventors in every State in the Union.

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office Washington, D. C.
no24 dtf

COAL!

The most convenient place in the city to purchase your Coal is at RANDALL & McALLISTER'S new office, No. 78 Exchange St., opposite the Post Office.
oc19 dtf

WHY DON'T YOU TRY

Smith's Patent Perforated Buckskin Undergarments.

They afford to persons, susceptible to cold, undoubted protection against Pneumonia, while they prevent and cure Rheumatism. Recommended by all Physicians, and awarded the highest American Institute premiums for eight years consecutively. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Send for circular.

D. C. HALL & CO.,
764 Broadway, N. Y.

Manufacturers also under the Andrews patents.
oct1 eod2m

WANTS.

Wanted.

A PARTY with a small capital to take an established paying business in this city. Address "D," this office. no28 dtf

Wanted.

20 Experienced Salesmen. apply at once. 128 Exchange Street.
no19 d2w

Wanted.

A LADY or Gentleman to work for us this winter. Salary if preferred. Enclose stamp. SHUMWAY'S Pub. House, Portland, Me.
no16tf

Wanted.

EXPERIENCED operators on Straw braid sewing machines. Address L. R. BATES & CO., Westboro, Mass.
no17 d3w*

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost.

POCKET BOOK, containing fifty dollars in five and ten dollar bills and some silver. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. no30d3t*

LOST.

ON the evening of 27th, on Pine street, a BLACK CARPET BAG, containing baby clothing mostly. Whoever will return the same to GEO. F. MORSE, on Wilmot St., or GEO. GILMAN, Clark St., will be suitably rewarded. no28d3t*

Found.

A VALISE, which the owner can have by calling at No. 12 Pine Street. no28d3t*

BOARD.

Boarders Wanted.

Pleasant rooms, good board, price $3 50 per week. SPRING STREET, house No. 63.
no27 d2w*

Boarders Wanted.

NICE pleasant rooms, and good board. Prices moderate. 25 Myrtle Street opposite City Building. no23dtf

TO LET.

Rooms to Rent.

A PLEASANT Parlor and two chambers with or without board in a private family near City Hall. Address, P. O. BOX 1638. no30d2w*

To Let.

A BRICK house, centrally located, containing 7 rooms, with furnace, gas and Sebago. For particulars inquire of
no7dtf D. S. WARREN, 162 Commercial St.

Tenement to Let.

A GOOD tenement to let on Green street. Gas and Sebago. Inquire of J. C. WOODMAN, at 119 1-2 Exchange street. noy27dtf

Offices to be Let.

FOUR pleasant rooms in Cahoon Block, suitable for offices. Rent five to thirteen dollars per month. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.
Portland, Nov. 25, 1878. no26d1w*

HALL TO LET.

MISSION HALL, Williams' Block, (formerly known as "Arcana Hall,) having been leased by the undersigned, will be let on most reasonable terms for Lectures, Concerts, Sociables, Meetings, Suppers, Fairs, &c. Apply at the Hall, opposite Casco Engine House.
ap16eodtf R. M. BARTON.

To Let.

3 GOOD rents, from $5 to $13 per month. All in good repair. Apply to
oc26dtf W. W. CARR, 197 Newbury st.

Room to Let.

A PLEASANT front room, with hot and cold water, two large closets, at No. 770 Congress street, will be let to a man and his wife. oc23dtf

TO LET.

Store opposite Post Office, now occupied by Maher & Co. Second floor of same building, now occupied by J. Castell, Jr. Also, house No. 110 Brackett street. Inquire of J. D. & E. S. RICHARDSON, 172 Middle Street.
oc5 dtf

PLEASANT ROOMS TO LET.

SUITE of rooms on second floor; plenty of sunlight, air and water. Heat and gas furnished. Also one room on third floor. References exchanged.

Stable To Let.

Situated in the western central part of city. Address L. E. T., Daily Press Office.
je12 dtf

Congress Hall having been put in complete order, can be secured for Dances, Parties, Lectures, &c., by applying to E. A. SAWYER, 161 Commercial St. or Jas. A. WHITNEY, 178 Middle St. oc7dtf

REAL ESTATE.

House and Lot for $1275.

HOUSE No. 7 Howard street. Lot 35x100.—Any good judge of real estate will pronounce this a bargain. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, Dealer in Real Estate, No. 379½ Congress street. no13dtf

Richmond's Island

FOR SALE!

WE offer this well known property for sale. It is one of the best farms in the State of Maine. The Island lies off Cape Elizabeth, two miles south of the Ocean House, three quarters of a mile from the main land, and eight miles from Portland. It contains about two hundred acres, divided into pasture and tillage, a large house, two large barns and other outbuildings. It now cuts about a hundred tons of hay, and large crops of vegetables are raised annually.

The Island is connected with the main land, by a breakwater, partly finished, and when completed will make a good road.

The property will be sold at a bargain. For further information inquire of A. CUMMINGS or

S. H. CUMMINGS,
No. 48 Exchange St.,

between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock in the forenoon, and 3 and 5 in the afternoon.
sep30 dtf

New House For Sale.

One-half of double House No. 770 Congress Street now completed and ready for occupancy. Said house is first class in every respect. Dining room, sitting room, bath room and kitchen finished in hard wood. Plumbed for hot and cold water. White marble mantles, grates, &c., &c. Cemented cellar and everything first class, and will be sold at a very low price. Enquire of A. M. SMITH,
an19eodtf End of Portland Pier.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE in good location, near Deering street, has ten rooms; Sebago, gas, hot and cold water on all floors; wash room with tubs set; two floors heated by Furnace. In all respects a first class house and will be sold at a bargain.
no22dtf Address C., Argus Office.

For Sale or to Let.

THE Three Story Brick House No. 6 Gray Street. Can be examined any day after 10 o'clock a. m. For further particulars call on

J. F. RANDALL & CO.,
sed10tf 126 Commercial St.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE valuable Real Estate Numbered 26 and 28 Green Street, between Congress and Cumberland Streets, consisting of a block of two 2½ story Houses, built in 1875, each house arranged for two families. Sebago and good drainage. Large lot of land, 150 feet in depth. Will be sold low to close an estate. Apply to F. G. PATTERSON, Dealer in Real Estate, 379½ Congress Street.
oc22 dtf

For Sale !

The new and thoroughly built house 8 Ellsworth st. Very pleasantly situated; in the healthiest part of the city. The best bargain in the market this season. Apply on the premises.

J. R. AVERILL.
july3' dtf

FOR SALE.

One or both of the elegant Brick Dwelling Houses on the corner of Pine and Carlton Streets, in this city.

The Houses are now being finished and are open for inspection.

For particulars apply to

F. H. FASSETT, Architect,
Centennial Block, Exchange Street.
Portland, Aug. 5, 1878. au5dtf

FOR SALE.

Schooner Albert Clarence now lying at Deak's wharf. Enquire of

E. FREEMAN,
117 Commercial St., Portland, Me.
oc30d2m*

Vaults Cleaned and Ashes Removed

AT SATISFACTORY PRICES. All orders promptly attended to by calling at or addressing
oc2dtf R. GIBSON, 588 Congress St

MISCELLANEOUS.

REIGN OF TERROR AMONG THE CLOTHIERS

Beyond a doubt the weather for the past two months has been most disastrous to the sale of winter garments. Thousands and thousands of dollars worth of heavy garments are now piled on the counters that should have been sold and worn weeks ere this; TO HOLD THEM FOR A PROFIT would not only insure a great surplus of stock to be carried over to another season, but also a

Tremendous Loss

By change of style and the use of the money which they represent. In view of these facts which must be apparent to all, we now propose to introduce

The Greatest Slaughter of Clothing on Record !

We cannot say that we do this with good grace but simply and solely for our own protection. We have manufactured and stocked our FIVE LARGE STORES with an IMMENSE QUANTITY of Clothing, in anticipation of a large fall BUSINESS; the unusual mild weather has retarded the expected business, and

NOW WE MUST UNLOAD !

No matter how great the loss may be. What we lose the public gain !

And we trust to their generosity and patronage to make good our present losses at some future day.

THIS IS NOT A JUGGLER'S TRICK, BUT BUSINESS.

We will give ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS to any charitable institution in this state if the same quality of goods can be bought for the same money as we name to-day.

BEAR THIS IN MIND !
THINK IT OVER !
AND NOTE OUR PRICES !

WE OPEN THE BALL

With Men's Vermont Grey Overcoats,

Only $2.00.

Size 34 to 42, cotton flannel lined, thick and warm.

A Fearful Cut !

We have in stock about TWENTY-FIVE Young Men's frock coats and vests, sizes from 33 to 35, made of imported goods, bound with the finest braid, lined with Italian lasting, and cost to make from $13.50 to $16.00 each; we shall close the lot at

$6.00 and $7.00 for Coat and Vest.

NEXT.

MEN'S ALL-WOOL PANTALOONS,

Cloth made by the "Dobson," "Washington" and "Eureka" Woolen Mills.

Only 2.00.

See What We Are Doing for Workingmen!

$1.00 FOR A GOOD GREY PANTALOON,
5.00 FOR A FANCY MIXED CASSIMERE SUIT,
OR A SUIT AND OVERCOAT FOR JUST 7.00.

$10.00.

We have taken many of our $12.00, $13.00 and $14.00 Suits and marked them down to the unprecedented price of

$10.00.

Boys' and Children's Garments.

Boys' Suits that have sold for $5.00 and $6.00,

NOW $3.00 AND $4.00.

Children's Suits

Reduced from 2.50 to - - - - - - $1.95
And from 4.00 to - - - - - - - 2.50

OTHER GREAT BARGAINS

Too numerous to mention, in every department.

View Our Stock and Prices !

C. D. B. Fisk & Co.,

PREBLE HOUSE, CONGRESS STREET.
no26 dtf

NOW IS THE TIME TO INSURE !

Special Inducements

are now offered by the old

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.,

to all persons contemplating insurance, the particulars of which may be learned on application to

W. D. LITTLE,

GENERAL AGENT.

Cash Assets Over

$86,000,000 !

The following results of Policies recently paid by us show the superior advantages of insuring with this GREAT Company. The annual cash dividends in all these cases, exceeded the annual premiums varying from 100 to 150 per cent. These policies were accordingly more than self-sustaining.

No. of Policy.	Amount of Policy.	Dividend Additions.	Amount Paid.
1 477	$ 2,000	$ 2,717	$ 4,717
1,541	10 000	14,342	24,342
2 831	1,500	2,112	3 612
3,496	4,000	5,166	9,166
3 828	5,000	6,192	11,192
6,930	2,000	2,596	4,596
8,730	2,000	3,009	5,009
9 365	5,000	5,806	10,806
10 290	4,000	4,352	8 352
12,061	3,000	3,857	6,857
15,400	10,000	10,233	20,233
15,844	5,000	5,326	10,326

No other Company has ever shown such results. No safer or better investment can be made than in a Policy with this old Company. no23d3w

WOOD

Consumers of Wood will find it to their advantage to call at

19 PLUM STREET,

where we keep constantly on hand dry hard wood of the best quality; also hard and soft wood slabs and edgings for kindlings sawed and delivered to order.
no2tf **MORSE & PICKETT.**

Vaults Cleaned

AND taken out at short notice, from $4 to $6 cord or $3 a load, by addressing
nov21dtf A. LIBBY & CO., Portland P. O.

THANKSGIVING

Proclamation.

Get your **CARVERS and TABLE KNIVES** of which we have the largest stock and lowest prices in the state.

Headquarters for

SKATES

of Every Description for Ladies and Gents at Lowest Prices.

Skates Repaired and Sharpened.

Ulmer & Hehr,

94 EXCHANGE STREET.
no14 dtf

EVERY MAN

LOOK HERE !

I am now prepared to make clothing from all the new and fashionable goods, at the following prices for cash.

A Good Business Suit	from	$15.00,	25.00
" " Dress	"	" 25.00,	35 00
" " Fall Overcoat	"	15.00,	30.00
" " Winter "	"	17.50,	35.00

I am constantly having

New Goods

and can procure samples from any of the Boston or Portland houses, at short notice. Remember these clothes are made in the latest styles, and a good fit guaranteed.

CHAS. S. COBURN,

NO. 62 ST. LAWRENCE STREET,

oc5 **MUNJOY HILL.** eodtf

IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District Court of the United States, District of Maine. In the matter of Leavitt & Dailey, Bankrupts.

This is to give Notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this fifteenth day of November by Thomas J. Dailey, of Portland, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Leavitt & Dailey, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the sixth day of January, A. D. 1879, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Portland Advertiser and the Portland Press, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Advertiser and Press, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
no18 d1aw3wM&W1w47

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District Court of the United States, District of Maine. In the matter of Leavitt & Dailey, Bankrupts.

This is to give Notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this fifteenth day of November by John H. Leavitt, of Portland, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Leavitt & Dailey, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the sixth day of January, A. D., 1879, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Portland Advertiser and the Portland Press, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Advertiser and Press, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
no18 d1aw3wM&W1w47

NOVEMBER, 1878.

Great Reduction

IN THE PRICE OF

FURNITURE,

CONSISTING OF

COMMON, MEDIUM AND PARLOR

SUITS

OF THE BEST GRADES.

A Full Assortment of

PINE CHAMBER

AND

Black Walnut Sets,

Sideboards, Wardrobes, &c.,

Marble Top Tables

of every description.

HAT TREES, WHAT NOTS, BOOK CASES !

will be sold cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A great variety of

Lounges

on hand which are offered at very low prices.

Call In and See What I Have.

ENOCH LORD,

130 Exchange St.
se23 dtf

FOR THE HOLIDAYS ONLY.

Having made arrangements with the Assignees of A. Lowell's Bankrupt Stock of Jewelry, for part of their store for the Holidays, I shall open, to-day, with a full line of

Silver Ware.

We have plated these goods up during the summer, in anticipation of having a store in the Dow Block, this fall. Mr. Dow having decided not to build until next summer and I having a very large stock, I have decided to offer it at prices that will insure the clearing out of the entire stock.

GOLD AND SILVER PLATING

— AS USUAL AT —

OLD STAND,

27 Market Square.

A. H. Atwood,

247 Middle Street,

THE OLD STAND OF

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Fleeced Hosiery.

We are offering a very large assortment of Ladies' Unbleached Fleeced Hose, full-finished seams, at 25c, 35c, 42c, 50c and 75c. Outside sizes a specialty.

A large lot of Children's White Fleeced Hose, all full-finished seams and very heavy, at 10c per pair or 3 pairs for 25c.

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Our stock of Men's and Boys' Hosiery cannot be equalled in the State. All grades from 15c to $1.25.

Examine our stock and you will find what you want, at low prices.

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invites your attention to the

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UPRIGHT PIANO.

New features of construction. Give great strength, elegance, superior action and unsurpassed tone quality.

PIANOS, ORGANS, STOOLS, COVERS, NEW STOCK, LOWEST PRICES.

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SINGING SCHOOLS AND CHOIRS

The Dulcet

is a new book that is becoming very popular and having a large sale. It should be examined by teachers; its selections are choice and very pleasing, being the most practical book published. Price $10.50 per dozen. For sale by

C. K. HAWES, Music Dealer,
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Plants of every description very low.

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For Parties and Funerals at lowest rates.

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THE PRESS.

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

EVERY regular attaché of the PRESS is furnished with a *Card* certificate countersigned by Stanley T. Pullen, Editor. All railway, steamboat and hotel managers will confer a favor upon us by demanding credentials of every person claiming to represent our journal.

If the Union was worth fighting for it is worth paying for.

RUSSIA proposes to take a hand in the sinful game now being played in Afghanistan.

ENGLISH troops do not seem to have an altogether happy time in Afghanistan.

IT is thought our trade balance this year will reach the sum of $287,000,000.

THE average attendance at the Paris Exhibition was 82,000 a day.

THE name of Robert Heller, the magician, who has just died in Philadelphia, was Palmer.

MR. TILDEN has yet hope, and has, it is said, started on another still hunt for the Presidency.

ANOTHER Democratic vote wanted. Curtin of Pennsylvania is trying to get into the Congressional seat he was not elected to fill.

MAJOR SMITH'S latest declaration leaves the people of Maine in doubt whether he is a gold-bug or a—or some other kind of a bug.

THE Boston *Herald* ought to be happy. A Colonel has been nominated for Mayor of that city, Colonel Charles R. Codman.

THE Democrats already have twelve candidates for the position of Secretary of the Senate, and there is a whole year yet in which to put in bids.

PRINCETON having whipped Yale at football the latter college will of course come to the conclusion that it lowers itself by contending with any college except Harvard.

THE third Wisconsin District is also to be contested by the Democrats. It would save time should they declare every Republican seat in the House vacant.

HIGH old times in Canada. Two hundred cases of champagne and brandy have been put in the new Governor General's wine cellar.

IT now appears that England, at the time she acquired Cyprus, had to promise France that she would not occupy Egypt or effect a lodgment at any point on the Asiatic coast.

CHICAGO has a man who can unjoint himself at pleasure, expand and contract his chest far more than other men, and twist himself into all sorts of shapes. What a capital Greenback candidate he would make.

TWO First-Family South Carolinians fought a duel the other day and neither was hit, though a second shot was allowed. There is some chance for the negro yet. Poor marksmanship may prove his safety.

THE United States had 165 pictures at the Paris Exhibition, while Austria had 180, Germany 127, and Italy 220. Spain, Russia, Switzerland and Holland had each a smaller number than the United States.

SOUTH CAROLINA is the only state in the Union that did not observe the National Thanksgiving. She was too busy explaining how those ballot-boxes were stuffed to spend time stuffing turkey.

THE *World* is not enthusiastic over Talmage's Thanksgiving sermon, mentioning it and him thus: that delirious jackanapes, Talmage, who swung and chattered from the topmost boughs of the tree of knowledge of good and evil, yesterday, in a manner at once more ridiculous and more lamentable than usual.

IT is hardly worth while for Democrats to deny ballot-box stuffing in South Carolina, now that the New York *Sun* makes the following admission: "The testimony proves beyond a reasonable doubt that frauds of great extent were committed by the South Carolina Democrats at the polls on the 5th of November."

BY mistake the article from the Albany *Argus*, "The Rationale of Bull-dozing," referred to in the leading editorial article of Saturday's PRESS, did not appear in that issue. It will be found in to-day's issue and is worth reading because it shows the extent to which Northern Democrats carry their subserviency to the South.

THE fallen Angell made a bad blunder when he went to Portugal. Had he gone to any country with which we have an extradition treaty he would not have been surrendered, for no treaty mentions the offence with which he is charged. But Portugal is bound by no extradition treaty, and surrenders Angell as a matter of international comity.

A GREAT misfortune has befallen the Canadians. They will be all scorched and withered up when they read the following from the *Nation*:

A court in the backwoods, where neither the manners nor traditions nor social ideas have made a place for it, must of necessity be a good deal of a sham and the loyalty which it will call forth will necessarily find expression in mere imitation of forms borrowed from another country and a wholly different society. A court, to be a court, too, must have a "court circle"—or, in other words, "draw the line somewhere" as to the people it receives. It must set in motion a thousand mean jealousies and passions and competitions which are only tolerable in England because time has given them an air of fitness and dignity, and created a climate that suits them. Transferred to a community like Canada they are likely to ravage it with vulgar pretence and coarse humbug, and destroy the simplicity which was or ought to have been its best possession.

The idea has been prevalent that there was some good old English blood in Canada, and many families of honorable descent.

Cap and Bells.

SIMILE FROM DRYDEN.

—As when Grimalkin, of hounds pursued,
Bristles her spine and seeks th' adjacent wood,
Close at her heels the vengeful terriers ply,
And yelps and squeals and fur rise, mingled to the sky.

The man who forgets to close the outside door is abroad in the land.—New York Express.

What is the difference between a certain Roman emperor and a drunken man? One's Titus an emperor, the other's tight as a brick.—Buffalo Courier.

The name of a New York chiropodist is William S. Callim, and the first thing he knows some paragraphic fiend will call'm "William the Corn-corer."—Norristown Herald.

The natives of Lord Howe's Island in the South Pacific petitioned for four schoolmasters and some iron pots. The gentle aborigines evidently contemplate giving a party.—San Francisco News Letter.

It is false. Old maids are not the most particular persons in the world. That class of men named John who insist on having it spelled Jno. are the most particular persons in the world.—Rome Sentinel.

The Cincinnati Times is responsible for this epitaph for Robert G. Ingersoll:

"*Hic facet* a man
With his life cord untwisted,
Who has gone to a place
Which never existed."

Once in a while you will hear some man who couldn't tell a friction primer from a columbiad if the salvation of his soul depended on it, and never saw more than forty militia at one time in all his life, speak scornfully of Gen. Grant as "an accident of war."—Burlington Hawkeye.

A room will hold nearly twice as many people when the light is dim as when it is bright; at least we have noticed that when the gas is low in the parlor, a young man and a young woman can both sit in the same space which either one of them took up when the full head was on.—Cincinnati Breakfast Table.

William Ingram, editor of the London Illustrated News, has just paid $6500 for a painting by Millais. We used to squander our money in that way, too, but we soon saw the folly of it. There is no excuse for an editor paying $6500 for a painting in these days of high art, when the religious weeklies send out chromos that "you can't tell from oil paintings."—Norristown Herald.

"What," said a young lady to a sister companion, "you are not going to marry that tall, lean, slender, consumptive-stricken fellow, are you?" "Yes, she is," volunteered the young lady's little brother, looking up from his broken cart wheel; "she's going to marry him and use him for a carpet-stretcher!" The boy and cart-wheel passed out through the same door.

"The sneak-thief came down like a wolf on the fold,
While the folks in the basement were dining,
And took from the rack a coat scarce three days old,
Quite resplendent with fine satin lining"—

Utterly ignoring the one left over from last year which Mr. Smiley had brought down, intending to sell it for two dollars to the first old-clothes man that chanced around.—Puck.

"What," the young man asked the young woman who was waiting for him to ask for his hat, "what do I put you in mind of?" "A French clock," she said softly. And pretty soon he arose and went on his way. The next morning he called upon an eminent horologist and asked him what was the distinguishing trait of a French clock. The horologist said, "

[Albany Argus.]

The Rationale of Bull-dozing.

This perhaps needs to be said about bulldozing. If any majority of voters can be bulldozed and are bulldozed, they are proved cowards and are liable to be rated, treated and left to themselves for being cowards. In the last solution, a man has just as many of his rights as he will stand up for. It is so in business, in professional competitions, in everything. In any country, the basis of citizenship is capacity to fight. The citizen's government takes account of non-combatants, but not citizen account. It bars them from suffrage. They are given fewer privileges or rights than combatants, and if among those rated combatants should be any considerable number who are not combatants in reality they are liable to be run on and to go under, and there is nothing in government that can long take care of them —as citizens. Government deals with such citizens and is made and preserved by such citizens as can take care of themselves. The expression, "a bulldozed majority", is, in strict construction a solecism. A real majority of citizens, a majority of those competent to the duties of citizens, cannot be bulldozed. The main reason and the effective argument against giving women the ballot is that they, as a class, could not perform the fighting duty of voters in emergencies of nations or communities. The operation of this principle is salutary. The men who are known to be ready and able to fight for their rights, have them without fighting for them. Their courage and capacity to utilize it secures them respect and immunity. Government can no more protect voters from the hurly burly of politics than rules can protect boys from the hurly barly of football. If boys can't stand the game they have to keep out of it, although the kindergarten pupils may outnumber the classes that play foot-ball two to one. The contentions of politics follow the same rule. Government, in so far as it has anything to do with rights, mainly declares grades and defines them. The utmost it can do for "enforcing them" is to do for the voter as his agent and for his convenience what he would or could do in his primary capacity for himself, in the absence of government. If it be true that Republicans outnumber Democrats in any of the Southern States—a statement we disbelieve—then for their failure to take care of their own "rights" there is no remedy. Government can do for classes what classes can do for themselves—and government can do no more. If Southern Republicanism is a collective coward it will go to the wall and stay there. Every coward class goes to the wall in every pursuit, politics included, and not all the legislation in the statute book of the world can help it. Neither ought it to be helped. There is no use in citizenship for cowards. There is no function they can perform which helps government. They can give no *quid pro quo* for any "protection" offered them. The consideration between government and the citizen, in any contract, is his courage, of which the government can avail itself for its good and of which he can avail himself to make good any asset the government issues to him, on the condition that he can take care of it. If he lacks the courage, the asset fails of value or the benefit of it may pass to another who has the courage. This is the rationale of bulldozing. This accounts for the fact that the reports of it produce no lasting impression on the public mind. The public refuses to believe that any majority of effective citizens can be bulldozed. There is not that in language or in the mind which saves such a form of words from being a contradiction in terms. We wish it distinctly understood that we do not believe there is any bulldozing. The men South who assert there is have been shown to be rascals and liars without exception. The men North who believe there is are a credit to such witnesses. Neither do we defend bulldozing if there is or has been any, though there are numbers of papers stupid and mean enough to say that we do. We have sought to account for the existence of bulldozing, if there is any, by the laws which enter into the structure of human nature, which we wish was better than it is, and by the laws which enter into the structure of governments which are the exponents of human nature just as it is.

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Steamer Charles Morgan collided with steamer Cotton Valley on the Mississippi. The Cotton Valley sank and twenty lives were lost.

The English column which entered Khyber Pass in Afghanistan is reported cut off and in a dangerous situation.

Gladstone in a speech Saturday night denounced the Afghan war and defended the Liberals from the aspersions of Lord Cranbrook.

Jackson, Ky., is in the hands of two factions who are fighting over a murderer.

Judge Choate has decided that certain depositions shall be admitted in the Tilden tax suit. This is a decision adverse to Mr. Tilden.

Further particulars of the Pomerania disaster are given this morning. They confirm the previous statements of the cowardly conduct of the crew.

W. H. Metcalf and son of Lisbon in this state blew out the gas in their room in a Boston hotel Friday night and were killed by inhaling the gas.

Gen. Crook predicts trouble with the Indians in Washington Territory and Oregon in the spring.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

The English Blocked up in Khyber Pass.

The Situation Becoming Serious.

Gladstone Denounces the War as Unjust.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—A signaling party under Major Pearson has been attacked by the Afreedies, one of the hill tribes, opposite Khyber pass. Two men of Pearson's troop of horse were killed and one wounded. Khyber Pass is blocked and several companies have returned. A company of the 9th regiment and 45th Sikhs have been sent to the scene of action, whence firing has has been heard but the result is unknown.

There has been continued heavy firing also near Ali Musjid since yesterday. The trouble with the Afreedies is not serious, only one tribe being hostile.

LONDON, Dec 1.—Gladstone, in a speech at Greenwich Saturday night, inveighed against personal government, but carefully excluded the sovereign from his remarks, whom he declared a model for her subjects and ever faithful to the constitution. He reproached the government for not communicating anything for years to Parliament relative to Afghan affairs, and the question of sending a mission to Cabul and said war had been declared and invasion commenced before Parliament was convoked. Parliament, formerly the grand council of the nation, now resembles the Parliament of France before a revolution. To the argument that the government is supported by a majority, Gladstone replied that Parliament has no right to renounce its privileges. He solemnly warns the British people not to abandon the principles of liberty, which made its happiness.

Speaking of the Afghan war he declared that the money spent for the dishonor of England and her responsibilities will but commence with her victory. He refutes Cranbrook's insinuation that the British government of 1873 instructed Lord Northbrook to postpone the conclusion of the treaty with the Ameer, shows that the liberal administration did not estrange the Ameer, and that the present administration has incured a heavy responsibility which the people will share unless they overthrow the government at the elections. He declares the present an unjust war, which will weigh upon the national conscience, and reminds his hearers that Lady Macbeth's words, "Here is the smell of blood," are still a powerful peroration, and that unjust wars lead to national downfalls.

LAHORE, Dec. 1.—Major Cavagnari officially reports that all was quiet Saturday in the upper part of Khyber Pass and he hopes soon to disperse the band collected in the lower part. Many members of the band have already left. Another strongly escorted convoy has been stocked. Its assailants were driven back, however, and it is believed the convoy has arrived at Ali Musjid. It was reported that the Ameer had considerably reinforced the troops at Jelalabad. The viceroy, however, telegraphs a report that the treasure and ammunition had been withdrawn from the city.

THULL, Dec. 1.—The Afghans have hot the guns up the Peiwur Pass and established a battery on the summit. The Afghan troops swarm on the ridges. Three regiments failed to turn the enemy's position Saturday and retired on discovering their strength. One man was killed and 12 wounded. The withdrawal of a battery and of the camp of the remainder of the force was rendered necessary bs the accuracy of the Afghan artillery fire. The British will attack the Pass Monday, after the troops have had a day's rest. They are confident of a good result although the Pass is 7000 feet high. The fighting will certainly be severe.

A despatch from Sukhor says the news from the Quttah column is discouraging in consexuence of the loss of camels. It is universally believed that the advance on Candahar will be delayed until spring.

PESHOWUR, Saturday night—Gen. Appleyard, who was sent to clear the Khyber pass, has been heavily engaged. Reinforcements have been sent from Iumrood. It seems imperatively necessary to order up the reserve division to maintain communication, as Peshowur is almost denuded of a garrison.

Rev. J. W. Stevenson, presiding elder of the Dayton, Ohio, district of the Methodist church, was found on the street Saturday, in a beastly state of intoxication. It is supposed he is mentally deranged.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE.

Death of a Bangor Seaman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Daniel Farnham, a seaman on the ship New Era of Boston, which arrived to-night from Calcutta, died on board Sept. 20. He belonged in Bangor.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Post office changes for the past week in Maine are as follows: Postmasters appointed, O is H. Cummings, Northport, Waldo county; T. P. Johnson, Osipee Mills, York county; P. K. Fay, South Sebec, Piscataquis county.

Fatal Accident.

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—W. H. Metcalf of Lisbon, Me., was killed and his son will probably die, the result of blowing out the gas at their room in the New England House.

MARINE NEWS.

A Bangor Schooner Beached.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 30.—Schooner Koret, Capt. C. C. Babbridge of and from Bangor for Boston, loaded with 300 bushels of potatoes, which dragged her anchor during the heavy blow Thursday night and went ashore on Fishing Island in the lower harbor has since been hauled off and beached near Frisbee's wharf, Kittery Point. The schooner is considerably strained, and leaking with her cargo two-thirds damaged. The vessel is not insured, but the freight is fully covered.

MOB LAW.

Two Factions Contending Over a Murderer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A despatch from Lexington, Ky., states that the town of Jackson, Breathitt county, is in the hands of two factions of a mob. Jason Little killed his wife some time ago and county judge Burnett committed him to jail without bail and sent him to Lexington for safe keeping. Last Saturday the sheriff came to Lexington for Little and although confronted by his own deputy, who is a brother of Little, took the murderer under a strong guard to Jackson, arriving there Monday.

On Tuesday Judge Burnett headed a party of 15 to help the sheriff and posse escort him to jail. The news incensed and enlisted a brother of Little and others began an attack on Judge Burnett, and they hurled a volley of bullets at the Judge, killing him instantly. Subsequently, when the gang attempted to break open the jail door, the brother of Little expostulated, when he was shot dead. The sheriff and posse hold a position in the county house yard commanding an entrance to the jail. The forces number about 40 men on each side, armed with repeating rifles and revolvers. County Judge Randall has fled. The citizens dare not come to town to attend the funeral of Judge Burnett, and the Governor has been appealed to to send a force to remove Little to the jail at Lexington.

STILL GUSHING.

How the Marquis and Princess were Entertained Saturday.

MONTREAL, Nov. 30.—The St Andrews Society presented an address to Lord Lorne and the Princess today, the Marquis making a suitable reply. Addresses were also presented to the Marquis and wife by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church, and by influential delegations from the Presbyterian synod, to which appropriate replies were made.

Their excellencies visited the Villa Maria Convent to-day, and the Megill University, and the consul corps paid their respects to the Governor General.

The Governor General and wife held a drawing room reception tonight at the Windsor. On entering they were received with a military salute by the guards of honor of three companies of the Sixth Fusiliers. Lord Lorne was dressed in his official uniform of green and gold. Her Royal Highness wore a gorgeous white satin. They occupied a vice regal throne. Accompanying them were ladies and gentlemen attaches, all magnificently dressed. These formed a semicircle around the throne, when the presentations took place, which were quite informal. For two hours a stream of elegantly attired ladies and gentlemen passed before it, and it is estimated that fully 1500 presentations were made.

The Princess has received the following cablegram from her royal mother the Queen:

WINDSOR CASTLE, Dec. 1st.

Delighted at reception. Say so.

(Signed) THE QUEEN.

THE INDIANS.

Report of Gen. Crook—Trouble Anticipated in the Spring—Whites Stealing the Indians' Ponies.

OMAHA, Nov. 30.—Gen. Crook who has just returned from San Francisco says that the hostile Bannocks are nearly all captured or returned. Apprehension exists in many quarters of renewed troubles in Oregon and Washington the coming spring, and some Indians are reported discontented regarding their reservations. As to the affairs in this department General Crook said that there was no immediate cause for alarm, but an outbreak during the coming year is not improbable. The stockmen continue to steal Indian ponies and some are openly sold in the streets of Ogallalla. The Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Sioux are thoroughly exasperated. They not only steal ponies too, but might inaugurate a sudden war and sweep the stockmen and settlers of central and northern Nebraska from the face of the earth. The Sioux are feeling very bitter towards the whites. The Cheyennes recently captured in the Sand Hills are still confined at Camp Robinson. The captured Bannocks are at Fort Hall and Camp Brown.

THE GREENBACKERS.

The Saturday Night Wake at Washington—An Address to the People to be Issued.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—A conference of the members of the Greenback party was held this evening. About forty were present, including James Buchanan of Indiana, President of the Greenback National Association, Congressmanelect De La Matyr of Indiana, David Kirk of Pittsburg, Charles H. Reed of Chicago, E. V. Wight of Saratoga Springs, Dr Wheaton of Syracuse, Alexander Troup of Connecticut, Congressman-elect Murch of Maine, Messrs. Field of Pennsylvania, Pierce of Maine, Thompson of West Virginia, Green of Indiana, Beecher of New Jersey and others. A committee was appointed to draft an address to the people, and the conference adjourned to Monday.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Seat in the First District Given to Martin (Rep.)—The Second District Still Unexpassed.

RALEIGH, Nov. 30.—The state canvassing board has postponed the count of the second Congressional district to Dec. 18 h. O'Hara will have a mandamus issued to compel the canvassers of Edgecomb, Lenoir and Craven counties to count the votes heretofore thrown out, which, if successful, will elect him. In the first district the board refused the motion of Yeates' counsel to throw out Pasquotank county returns, but counted the votes as returned, which gives Martin (Rep.) the certificate. Yeates will contest the seat before Congress.

TILDEN'S TAX.

Justice Choate Decides that the Depositions Shall be Opened and Filed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—In the U. S. Court today Judge Choate rendered a lengthy decision in the case of the Government vs. Samuel J. Tilden, ordering certain depositions which defendant claimed could only be presented by consent, to be brought into court and opened in the presence of the parties or their attorneys.

METEOROLOGICAL.

INDICATIONS FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D.C., Dec. 1, 1 A. M.)

For New England

cloudy, rainy weather, warmer easterly winds, falling barometer.

Cautionary signals will continue from Jacksonville to Eastport.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

Daniel Baker, chief of the loan division of the Treasury, has resigned.

No changes are to be made in the prices of Lehigh and Schuylkill coal during December.

Cornelius Dubois, one of the first trustees of Vassar College, is dead.

The bottom lands along the Roanoke river are submerged and great damage is feared.

Hon. Lyman Tremaine, ex-member of Congress from New York, is dead.

Geo. W. Huntzinger, late President of the Philadelphia Company, is under arrest for embezzlement.

Judgment has been rendered against Gen. Atchison for failing to account for $15,000 of government money placed in his hands.

Eight hundred and twenty-eight West Virginia Moonshiners have been indicted. Five have already been convicted and sent to prison.

Mail matter from the Spanish dependencies in the West Indies will hereafter pay but half the present rates.

Antonio Caton, a two and one-half year old boy living in Portsmouth, N. H., Saturday was so badly burned by the upsetting of a kerosene lamp, that he died.

William Appleman of Shotz, Pa., has been arrested for placing obstructions on the track of the New York, Lake Erie and Western railroad.

Senor Zamacona, the Mexican minister, addressed the business men of Baltimore Saturday night in favor of closer relations between Mexico and this country.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

Steamboat Collision on the Mississippi.

A Steamer Sunk and Twenty Lives Lost.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 30.—The officers of the steamer Charles Morgan from Cincinnati report that at 4 o'clock this morning a collision occurred opposite Donaldville between the Morgan and the steamer Cotton Valley of the Red River Transportation Company's Line. The Cotton Valley sunk and twenty lives were lost. She left here Saturday for Red River with a full cargo and a number of passengers. When the collision occurred the wind was blowing a gale and the rain was falling in torrents. The Morgan was coming down and the Valley going up, both steamers rounding a bend. The officers of each seeing the danger of the collision stopped the engines, but the force of the wind and the headway of the Morgan was so great that her guards struck the Valley with great force. The latter was valued at $18,000 and insurred for $10,000. The cargo was valued at $75,000; insurance unknown. The officers think that 12 or 15 roustabouts mostly colored went down with the boat and were drowned.

THE POMERANIA DISASTER.

Cowardly Conduct of the Crew—Miraculous Escape of Rosa Clymer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A special from Hastings, Eng., says the coroner's inquest on the corpses found, after the hearing of much testimony, returned a verdict: "Perished at sea." The most important testimony taken was that of an English sailor, Bligh, who had already intimated the reprehensible conduct of the Pomerania's crew. He says he noticed at Dover some boats which were brought by the Glengarry and contained many articles belonging to sailors, even to bedding and mess pans. He says if the crew of the Pomerania had tried to save human life before baggage many more people would have been saved. He says:

I saw no sailors on deck at the time of the collision. I assisted two or three passengers and two officers at getting the first boat into the water. This boat was upset in consequence of the crew rushing over the ship's side into it. Doubtless there were some passengers in this boat, but the greater portion were members of the crew. I saw young Mr. Clymer and four ladies on deck, but almost immediately lost sight of them. The captain kept his post like a man, but no one else did. Capt. Schwenzen, in answer to an inquiry of Bligh, after the collision, said his chief officer had left him.

The men in the last boat persisted in pushing off while there was room for several more people. Bligh repeated on cross-examination that on getting to the deck it was some minutes before he saw a single sailor. When he did see them they were bringing baggage towards the boats. This is the substance of Bligh's testimony, which was unshaken by severe cross-examination. It is fully confirmed by Miss Clymer. It appears that as soon as the disaster occurred the sailors overran the part of the ship devoted to the 2nd cabin passengers. Whether their object was to arouse the passengers or to secure valuables, should be determined by a searching investigation.

Miss Clymer states that she and her sisters were not assisted by the sailors in the slightest degree. Her brother, whose corpse is now here, let Miss Mary Clymer down over the ship's side. She fell into the bottom of the boat considerably stunned, but on recovery saw a body fall into the water beside the boat and putting out her hand seized the person by the hair. She held on with all the desperation of despair, and with the assistance of those already in the craft, a young girl was lifted into the boat, who proved to be her little sister Rosa. The boat then put off from the ship, but Miss Mary Clymer says it was not near full. From all evidence it is clear the sailors did not assist the passengers, and they were obliged to help each other as best they could in the darkness and confusion.

The Pomerania's officers do not appear to have had the slightest control of the sailors. It is altogether a deplorable showing of want of discipline and ungallant conduct on the part of the German sailors. The inquest adjourned to give the chief mate an opportunity of exculpating himself.

EUROPE.

Foreign Notes.

It is rumored that King Alfonso is to marry Mercedes' sister.

A telegram that England had demanded an explanation of Gen. Kauffman's speech is denied.

The Danish Chamber will be dissolved because it refuses to vote a subsidy to repair the damage caused by the Santa Cruz rebellion.

The Austrian budget committee have adopted the estimates of the foreign office, thus closing the contest between the government and the delegation.

The National Grange of the Patons of Husbandry at Richmond, Va., Saturday adopted resolutions against the tax on tobacco, and recommending that a memorial be presented to Congress for its repeal.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Clearing House Transactions.

PORTLAND, November 30.

The Clearing House of the Portland Banks report the transaction of business as follows to-day:

Gross Exchanges	$ 81,0'7 65
Net Balances	48,887 21

Daily Domestic Receipts.

By water conveyance—1000 bush corn meal to G W True & Co.

Receipts of Maine Central R. R.

PORTLAND, Nov. 29.

For Portland, 22 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 78 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Boston Stock Market.

[Sales of the Broker's Board, Nov. 30]

First Call.

19 Boston and Maine Railroad	...107½
10 ..... do	...107½
50 Eastern Railroad	...8 60 ..... 12½
Portland, Saco & Portsmouth R. R.	...90 @ 91

Second Call.

$1,000 Eastern Railroad 3½s	72½

Sales at Auction.

25 Franklin Company, Lewiston	—@45
$500 Rockland City 6s, 1902	100½

Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The following is the weekly Bank statement ending to-day:

Loans	$276 958,300
Specie	2,947,400
Legal tenders	41,275,700
Deposits	296,797,200
Circulation	20,004,800

The variations are:

Loans, increase	$1,520,700
Specie, decrease	47,000
Legal tenders increase	687,500
Deposits, decreases	387,000
Circulation increase	45,100
Re erve increase	240,700

The banks now hold $12,543,600 in excess of the legal requirements.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, November 30—P. M.—Money closed at 2½ per cent on call. The bank statement is favorable, showing a small gain in the reserve

Gold, after a long season of quiet, took a sudden start to-day, and after declining from 100½ to 100¼, rallied to 100½, to which it closed. Loans were made at 1-64, 2 per cent, 1, 1½, flat and closed 1 per cent. To carry 2 per cent.

Specie shipments since January 1, 1878, $11 989,200; same time in 1877, $25,278,187; in 1876, $42,349,-1875; to 1875 $67 291,149; in 1874, $49 185,496; in 1873, $6 955,025; in 1872, $67,566,703; in 1871, $60,177,277.

Sterling Exchange is slightly lower on short sight. We quote bankers' asking rates 60-days' bills at $4.82 per £ (of $4,8665 par value), and on demand $4.87½. Quotations $4.82 @ 4 87 one week ago. Commercial bills, $4 81½ @ 4 82½ gold, and $4.81 @ 4.81½ currency.

The Sub-Treasury paid out for interest to-day $25,000, and on called bonds $206,000. Total for the week, interest, $195,000; bonds, $2,05,000. Subscriptions to 4 per cent bonds to-day $1,500,000; for the week, $5,475 850; last week, $5,911,100.

Internal revenue receipts to-day, $ 70,000; for the week $1,934,230; last week, $2 282 699; in November, $9,528 760; fiscal year to date, $48,864,14; same time in 1877, $46,925,459.

National bank notes received for redemption today, $ 00,000; for the week, $2,140,000; last week, $2,333 000. National bank circulation outstanding, currency, $322,000,000; gold notes, $1,470 000. Last Saturday, total, $323,921,661. Bonds held to secure circulation, $348 665 200, an increase of $200,000 for the week; to secure public deposits, $13,880,000. Legal tenders outstanding $345,681,016—unchanged.

Custom receipts at Washington to-day, $485,000; for the week, $2,185,985; in November, $9 346,817; fiscal year to date, $59,588,554, corresponding period last year, $60 417,376.

The Treasury balances one year ago were: Currency, $8,816,396; coin, $133,970,214, including $32,390,-400 coin certificates.

The following were the closing quotations of Government securities:

United States 6s, 1881 reg	109½
United States 6s, 1881, coup	109½
United States 5-20s, 1865, new, reg	104
United States 5-20s, 1865, coup	104
United States 1867, reg	106
United States 1867 coup	106
United States 1868, reg	109½
United States 1868, coup	109½
United States 10-40s, reg	107½
United States 10-40s, coup	107½
United States new 5's, reg	100½
United States new 5's, coup	106½
United States new 4½'s, reg	104½
United States new 4½'s, coup	104½
United States 4 per cents, reg	109½
United States 4 per cents, coup	110½

The following were the, closing quotations of Stocks:

Morris & Essex	80
Western Union Telegraph Co	94½
Pacific Mail	15½
New York Central & Hudson R R	112½
Erie	18½
Erie preferred	32½
Michigan Central	68½
Panama	122
Union Pacific Stock	66½
Lake Shore	70
Illinois Central	76½
Pittsburg R	81½
Chicago & Northwestern	27½
Chicago & Northwestern preferred	77½
New Jersey Central	29½
Rock Island	77½
St Paul	26½
St Paul preferred	71½
Fort Wayne	100
Chicago & Alton	78½
Chicago & Alton preferred	102
Ohio & Mississippi	7½
Delaware & Lackawanna	46½
Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph	28½

The following were the closing quotations of Pacific Railroad securities:

Boston, Hartford & Erie 1st	26½
Guaranteed	26
Central Pacific Bonds	107
Union Pacific	167½
Land Grants	106½
Sinking funds	105½
Bar silver, currency	110½
Bar silver, gold	110½
Do Coin	½ @ 1 discount

California Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 30—The following are the closing official prices of mining stocks to-day:

Alpha	9½	Kentuck	—
Belcher	48	Leopard	—
Best & Belcher	2½	Mexican	34½
Bullion	6½	Northern Belle	—
Consolidated Va	72	Overman	12½
California	10	Ophir	22½
Chollar	38½	Raymond & Ely	9
Caledonia	2½	Savage	11½
Crown Point	5	Sag Belcher	—
Exchequer	4½	Sierra Nevada	49½
Gould & Curry	9½	Union con	63½
Hale & Norcross	13½	Yellow Jacket	15
Imperial	—	Eureka. con	3½
Judia consol'd'td	2½	Grand Prize	9½
Justice	4½	Alta	7
Bodie	16	Wasnoe consol'd	—

Gloucester Fish Market.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., November 30.

Gloucester Fish market and arrivals for the week ending November 30:

The market is dull as usual at Thanksgiving time, but there is a firm feeling except in lower grades of mackerel, which are in excess of the demand, although prime quality is scarce and wanted. The receipts of Cod for the week have been 330,000 lbs, 22 fares from Georges; the market is firm at $4 @ 4½ ₱ qtl for large and $3½ for medium; Bank Cod $3 @ 3½ ₱ qtl for medium and large, and $4 for dry cured; Shore Cod at $3½ @ 3½ ₱ qtl; other dry fish without change.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Hogs—receipts 2,800 head; shipments 3500 head; prices shade lower; packing at 2 60 @ 2 80; light at 2 65 @ 2 75; choice heavy at 2 85 @ 3 00.

Cattle—receipts 1300 head; shipments 1500 head; market steady and firm; shipping at 2 70 @ 4 30; feeders at 2 70 @ 3 25; butchers shade lower; Cows at 4 25.

Sheep—receipts 350 head; market quoted at 3 00 @ 3 25.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 30—Evening.—**Ashes** are dull; pots at 4 75 @ 5 00; pearls at 5 75 @ 6 00. **Cotton** is quiet and unchanged; sales 639 bales; forward deliveries 3 @ 5 points higher and fairly active; ordinary uplands at 7½c; ordinary Alabama not quoted; ordinary New Orleans 7½c; ordinary Texas at 7½c; ordinary stained 7½c; middling uplands at 9½c; do Alabama not quoted; middling New Orleans 9½c; do Texas at 9½; middling stained at 8½c. **Flour**—receipts 26,366 bbls; slightly in buyers favor, without decided change with fair export and home trade; sales 24,800; No 2 at 2 40 @ 3 15; Superfine Western and State at 3 40 @ 3 80; common to good extra Western and State 3 85 @ 4 10; good to choice Western and State at 4 15 @ 5 50; common to choice White Wheat Western extra at 4 55 @ 5 25; Fancy extra White Wheat Western at 5 30 @ 6 50; common to good extra Ohio at 3 30 @ 6 00; common to choice extra St Louis at 3 90 @ 5 75; Patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 5 75 @ 7 00; choice to double extra 7 05 @ 8 50, including 7500 bbls City Mills extra at 4 80 @ 5 1 : 2400 do Alabama not quoted; middling Southern Winter Wheat extra at 4 00 @ 5 75. 7800 bbls Minnesota extra at 3 90 @ 8 50, the market closing heavy; southern flour steady; sales 16,600 bbls, including 500 bbls for export at 5 75; common to fair extra at 4 00 @ 5 00; good to choice extra at 5 10 @ 6 25. Rye flour unchanged; sales 500 bbls at 3 00 @ 3 40 for Superfine. **Corn-Meal** is steady; sales 700 bbls; Yellow, Western, Jersey and Pennsylvania at 2 20 @ 2 60; Brandywine at 2 85. **Wheat**—receipt 166 100 bush; the market is heavy and ½ @ ¾c lower with only a moderate business at a decline: sales 54,000 bush, including 249 000 bush on spot; ungraded Spring at 91 @ 93c; No 3 do at 90 @ 8c, latter fancy Green Bay; ungraded Red at 1 00 @ 1 08, No 2 do at 1 02½ @ 1 10; ungraded Amber at 1 02 @ 1 04½, No 2 do at 1 04½ @ 1 05, ungraded White at 1 06 @ 1 09; No 1 White, car lots, 4800 bush at 1 09 @ 1 09½, boat loads held at 1 09 @ 1 10; extra White, 4 0 bush at 1 10½; White State at 1 09 @ 1 10; 18,600 bush No 2 Amber for December 2 10 to January 25th at 1 05; No 2 Spring for January, 24,000 bush at 99c, closing at 98c bid 99c asked: No 2 Amber for December, 3,000 bush at 1 04½ @ 1 05, closing at 1 04½ bid, 1 05 asked; No 2 Red for December, 40,000 bush at 1 08½ @ 1 09, closing 1 08½ bid, 1 08½ asked; do January 61 0 at 1 10, closing at 1 09 bid, 1 10 asked; do February at 1 10 bid, 1 12 asked. **Rye** steady and quiet: sales 4,000 bush No 2 Western at 98c; State quoted at 98 @ 99c; Canada at 82c. **Barley** is quiet and unchanged sales 15,000 bush 2 and 4-rowed State on private terms. **Barley Malt** dull and unchanged. **Corn**—receipts 111,-304 bush; market slightly in buyers favor: sales 161,000 bush, including 49,000 bush on the spot, ungraded at 43 @ 47c for unchanged; 41½ @ 41½c for No 3; 47c for No 2; 63c for round Yellow; steamer for December at 45½ @ 45¾c, closing at 45½c bid, 45¾c asked; do do January 45½c bid, 45¾c asked; do February at 46c bid, 46c asked; No 2 for December at 47½ @ 47½, closing 47c bid 47½c asked; do January 48½c, closing at 48½c bid, 49½c asked; do February at 49c bid, 4 c **Oats**—receipts 32,371 bush; the market is quiet and shade easier; sale 73,000 bush; 29½c for No 3; 31 @ 31½c for No 3 White; 32c for No 2; 32 @ 32½c for No 2 White; Mixed Western at 29½ @ 30c; White do Western at 31 @ 34c; Mixed State 30 @ 3 c; White State at 31½ @ 35c. **Hay** steady with fair trade: shipping at 35 @ 40c. **Hops** quiet and firm: yearlings nominal at 5 @ 7; new eastern and Western at 6 @ 1c; new New York 8 @ 15 for poor to choice. **Coffee** is unchanged with moderate demand; 22c3 bags Rio on pt. **Sugar** unchanged with moderate inquiry; sales 700 hhds of Centrifugal 7¼ @ 7¾c; fair to good refining quoted at 6¾ @ 7c; prime at 7¼; refined steady. **Molasses** quiet and unchanged. **Rice** about steady and quiet. **Petroleum** bigger with little demand; sales 40,000 bbls united at 1 05 @ 1 11½ crude 5½; refined 9½ bld. **Tallow** is steady; sales 110,000 lbs at 6¼ @ 6¾. **Naval stores**—Rosin quiet at 1 35 @ 1 40. Potatoes steady: Early Rose at 2 00 @ 3 00; Peerless at 2 10 @ 2 20; Peachblow at 2 00 @ 3 00; Sweets at 1 50 @ 2 00. Turpentine quiet at 29½c. Eggs firmer: State and Pennsylvania at 25 @ 26c: Canada and Western at 24 @ 25c; ordinary stock 20 @ 22c; limed at 12 @ 17½. **Coal** unchanged and dull; Anthracite 3 20 @ 4 00 per ton. **Hides** steady; wet salted New Orleans selected 45 @ 7c lbs at 8 @ 9½c; Texas at selected 50 and 80 lbs at 8 @ 9½c. **Leather** is firm; Hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres light, middle and heavy weights at 20 @ 22½c: California do at 19 @ 21c; Oriencoat 19 @ 22. **Pork** quiet and prices about steady; sales 400 bbls mess on spot at 7 40 @ 7 80; 250 bbls for February at 8 80; 50 bbls familii mess on p t; 40 bbls do at 8 37½ @ 8 50. **Beef** in fair request at unchanged prices. **Beef Hams** dull; Western quoted at 14 75 @ 15 00. **Tierce Beef** quiet and about steady. **Cut Meats** steady.

Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece at 28 @ 42c; pulled at 18 @ 36; unwashed at 10 @ 26c; Texas 12 @ 22c.

Freights to Liverpool—market about steady; Cotton per sail at ¼d: do per steam at ½ @ 9-32; Wheat steam 7½ @ 7¾d.

CHICAGO, November 30.—Flour is steady and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak and shade lower; No 2 Red Winter at 87½c; No 2 Chicago Spring at 83½ for cash; 83½c bid for December; 84c bid for January. Corn dull and shade lower at 30½c bid for cash or December; 31½c for January. Oats dull and a shade lower at 20c bid for cash; 20c bid for December: 20½c for January. Rye is dull, weak and lower at 44½c. Barley dull, weak and lower at 99c cash and December. Pork is dull, weak and lower 6 60 @ 6 65 for cash; 6 67½ @ 6 65 for December; 7 07½ @ 7 00 for January. Lard in fair demand but lower at 5 70 for cash; 5 67½ @ 5 7. for December; 5 77½ @ 5 80 for January. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged. Whiskey quiet and unchanged.

Freights—Wheat to Buffalo firm.

Receipts—17,000 bbls flour, 189,000 bush wheat, 191,-000 bush corn, 49,000 bush oats, 35,000 bush rye, 23,000 bush barley.

Shipments—16,000 bbls flour, 41,000 bush wheat, 13,000 bush corn, 45,000 bush oats, 0,000 bush rye, 15,000 bush barley.

ST LOUIS, November 30.—Flour unchanged. Wheat lower; No 2 Red Fall 86½ @ 86½c for cash; 86½ @ 87½c for December; 87½ @ 88½c for January. Corn lower at 28 @ 28½c for cash; 28½ @ 29c for December; 29½ @ 30c for January. Oats quiet at 19½c for cash; 19½ @ 19½c for December. Rye lower at 42½c. Barley quiet. Whiskey steady at 1 05.

Receipts—6,000 bbls flour, 78,000 bush wheat, 29,-000 bush corn, 8,000 bush oats, 4,000 bush rye, 3,-000 bush barley.

Shipments—8,000 bbls flour, 14,000 bush wheat, 4,-000 bush corn, 1,000 bush oats, 0,000 bush rye, 0,000 bush barley.

MILWAUKEE, November 30.—Flour dull but held firm. Wheat dull, opened at 4c decline and closed steady; No 1 Milwaukee hard at 95c; No 1 Milwaukee soft a 86½c. No 2 Milwaukee 82½; December at 83c; January at 84c; No 3 Milwaukee at 68c; No 4 Milwaukee at 60½c; rejected 51c. Corn easier; No 2 at 31c. Oats dull and lower; No 2 at 2½c. Rye is neglected and nominal; No 1 at 44c. Barley is quiet and neglected; No 2 Spring cash at 84c; December at 85c; January at 86½c. Provisions quiet but steady —Mess Pork at 6 70 for old; new at 7 00. Lard—prime steam 5 70

Freights—Wheat to Buffalo 8c.

Receipts—15,700 bbls flour, 132,000 bush wheat.

Shipments—28,000 bbls flour, 32,000 bush wheat.

DETROIT November 30. Flour is firm and quiet Wheat easy; extra White Michigan at 99½c; No 1 White Michigan at 91½c; December at 94½c; January at 95½; April 1 01½c. Corn dull and unchanged. Oat scarce and firm; No 1 White 27c; No 2 White at 6c; No 1 Mixed at 26c; No 2 at 25½c. Clover seed—prime 3 97½; choice 4 05.

Receipts—600 bbls flour, 10,000 bush wheat, 1400 bush corn, 1,800 bush oats.

Shipments—1,200 bbls flour, 12,000 bush wheat, 900 bush corn, 2,800 bush oats.

TOLEDO, November 30—Wheat firm; Amber Michigan on spot at 91 c; December at 94½c. January at 92c; No 2 Red Fall on spot at 98c; December at 98c; January 94½c; Amber Western 94½. Corn dull; high Mixed new at 32c; No 2 new at 31½c. Oats dull; No 2 at 22½c.

Receipts—600 bbls flour, 18,000 bush wheat. 35,000 bush corn, 7,000 bush oats.

Shipments—00,000 bbls flour, 68,000 bush Wheat. 53,000 bush corn. 1 000 bush oats.

CLEVELAND, November 30.—Petroleum is firmer but not quotably higher; standard White 9.

LOUISVILLE, November 30.—Cotton is quiet; Middling uplands 8½c.

NORFOLK November 30—Cotton quiet; Middling uplands at 8½.

MOBILE, November 30.—Cotton is quiet; Middling uplands is at 8½c.

PHILADELPHIA, November 30—Cotton quiet; Middling uplands 9½c

ST. LOUIS, November 30.—Cotton lower; Middling uplands 8½c.

BALTIMORE, November 30—Cotton dull and easier; Middling uplands at 9 @ 9½c.

WILMINGTON, November 30.—Cotton steady; Middling u

THE PRESS.

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2.

THE PRESS

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G. Fessenden, Marquis, Brunel & Co., Andrews, Armstrong, Cox, Wentworth, Hodgdon, Hayden, Welander, Boston & Maine Depot, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.
Saco, of L. Hodgdon and H. B. Kendrick.
Bath, of J. O. Shaw
Lewiston, of Stevens & Co.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham
Brunswick, B. G. Dennison, and W. H. Marrett.
Richmond, G. A. Beale
New Castle A. W. Southworth.
Woodford's Corner, H. Moody.
New York, Brentano's Literary Emporium, 39 Union Square.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.
Lectures—Rev E. C. Boles.
Sale—India Street Universalist Vestry.
SPECIAL NOTICES.
Maine Charitable Mechanic Association.
MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.
Slippery Elm Lozenges.
Can't Preach Good.
You Can be Happy.
A Prophecy Fulfilled.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Boston Steamers.
Pectoral Syrup.
Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient.
Prices—M. G. Palmer.
To Let—S. D. Knight.
Notice—R F. Pettengill.
Heading Machine Wanted.
Notice to Creditors—Charles P. Mattocks.
Dissolution—Yeaton & Boyd.
New Store—James A. Day.
Musical Notice—W. M Furbish & Son.
Furs Made—Mrs. M. P. Libby.
Allan Line.
AUCTION COLUMN.
Important Sale—F. O. Bailey & Co.

FINE PAINTINGS.—Messrs. F. O. Bailey & Co. advertise an exhibition of fine oil paintings at their gallery, 35 Exchange street, today, which are to be sold at auction during the week. The collection embraces works from some of the best known artists, among which are A. T. Bricher, C. H. Shearer, E. D. Lewis, C. W. Knapp, W. Webber and others. Several of these paintings were exhibited at the recent Mechanics' Fair at Boston and received much attention. They are all elegantly mounted in the finest gold-leaf frames. The auction sale commences Tuesday.

CALL at Eastman Bros' and examine our novelty dress goods, selling at 15 cents, former price 35 cents. nc8tf

"Our father rode again his ride," to get us some of Caswell & Co's SLIPPERY ELM LOZENGES, for our Coughs. Prepared only by Caswell & Co, of Boston; proprietors of Caswell's "NEW" ELIXIR, for the Blood, and the beautiful WAX FLOSS Hair dressing. For sale by all druggists.

COTTON FLANNELS, not remnants, five cents per yard and up, at Eastman Bros'., 534 Congress street. nc8tf

EXERCISE is as essential as breathing itself. Without it there can be no healthy and beautiful growth. It prolongs life, and greatly improves living; it better fits us for our duties; without it, we do not more than half live. He only who exercises sufficiently can know the joy of living well, of good health, good appetite, good digestion, refreshing sleep. It increases respiration, thus bringing a larger quantity of that "elixir of life," oxygen, to purify and vitalize the blood. It rounds and hardens the muscles, and educates them into ever-ready, faithful and efficient servants of the will. It strengthens every part of the system. It invigorates the mind, and renders it more active and efficient in all its operations; in short, it is one of the great natural agents which will enable man to reach that state of physical, mental and moral perfection for which he was designed by his Creator.

The activity of the muscles is also highly conducive to the well-being of many other important functions. The blood is assisted in its course; accumulation in the internal organs is prevented; the important processes of digestion, respiration, accretions, absorption and nutrition are promoted, and the health of the whole body immediately influenced. The mind is greatly exhilarated.

Health Lift and Exercise Rooms, 237 Middle street.

SEVEN CENTS will buy a good yard-wide, soft finish bleached cotton, at Eastman Bros'. nc8tf

BUY Garabaldi Kid Gloves at W. E. Plummer's, 455 Congress street, Clapp's Block. nc30tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS in white blankets, at Eastman Bros'., 534 Congress street. nc8tf

A PROPHECY FULFILLED.—When Baron Liebig stated that his discovery of Extract of Meat (resulting from the analysis of upwards of sixty sorts of meat) would prove one of the most beneficial to mankind of his various discoveries, he had no conception of the enormous extent of consumption which the future would develop, nor of the succession of gold medals, diplomas of honor, and other distinctions which would be awarded to the Liebig Company, to whom he gave the exclusive use of his name. From a few hundred Bavarian oxen, which were originally sufficient to supply the continental demand, the total of cattle since used by the Company exceeds 1,500,000 head, and there are comparatively few households which do not avail themselves of Liebig Company's Extract of Meat. At the Paris Exhibition of 1867 Baron Liebig himself was honored with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour, and the Company with two Gold Medals, one as founders of an entirely new branch of industry, and the second for best quality of their extract. At the present Paris Exhibition the gold medal, being the first prize, was awarded for best quality. This brings up the number of first prizes and distinctions carried at all exhibitions since the Company's existence to nine gold medals and diplomas of honour.—*Morning Post.*

YOU CAN BE HAPPY

If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cureals, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments—you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—believe it. See "Proverbs" in another column. dec2d1w

HARPER'S BAZAR.—This beautiful weekly publication is a welcome visitor to the parlor circle. The number for the ensuing week has been received by N. G. Fessenden, Lancaster Hall, and D. Wentworth, 553 Congress, corner of Oak street.

Superior Court.

NOVEMBER CIVIL TERM, 1878—BONNEY, J., PRESIDING.

SATURDAY.—In the case of Charles E. Winslow vs. Charles E Morrill, the testimony for the defense is in progress. The progress of the case is somewhat embarrassed by the illness of the plaintiff and also one of the jurors.

Personal.

J. H. Plaisted of Waterville, has been nominated for commissioner of pharmacy, vice C. K. Partridge, resigned.

Governor Connor has appointed Thomas H. Haskell County Attorney in place of C. F. Libby, resigned.

A. G. Spring, the efficient mail agent, retired Saturday night after seven years honorable service.

Col. Eben Webster of Orono has been elected treasurer of the State College vice Isaiah Stetson declined.

Commander Wadleigh has been ordered from duty in the Navigation Department at Kittery navy yard to duty in the Bureau of Equipment at Washington.

Mr. J. E. Waterhouse, formerly of Portland, and now cashier of the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, has been spending Thanksgiving with his family in this city. Ned is looking well.

For several years Senator Anthony of Rhode Island, has sent Senator Hamlin one of the famous Narragansett turkeys for Thanksgiving. A bigger turkey has come each year, and the one received last Wednesday tipped the scales at thirty pounds, and yet was tender as a spring chicken.

A solemn requiem mass was celebrated at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception Saturday morning, for Miss Sarah E McGlinchy, daughter of James McGlinchy, Esq., who has been a sufferer from sickness for a long time past, which she bore with Christian fortitude and patience.

Mr. Alexander Taylor, the well-known shipsmith, died from the effects of a paralytic shock Friday. Mr. Taylor was a Knight Templar, member ofLigonia Lodge of Odd Fellows, of St. Andrews Society and the Odd Fellows' Relief. Delegations from each society attended his funeral Sunday afternoon. Dr. Carrathers officiated.

It was reported that Bishop Healey will become Catholic Bishop of Connecticut; that the diocese of Maine will be divided, Maine forming one and New Hampshire another diocese; that Vicar General Barry will be Bishop of New Hampshire, and a priest from Bangor Bishop of Maine. Rev. Father Bradley stated yesterday to the congregation at the Cathedral these reports were untrue.

Brief Jottings.

There were nine arrests for drunkenness Saturday.

Four deaths the past week: Consumption 2, paralysis 1, congestion of the lungs 1.

The Forest City, of the Boston line of steamers, will haul off today and the John Brooks run three times a week each way.

Three colored women were taken to the station from a house of ill-repute, on Saturday night.

A six-pound cannon ball, supposed to have been one of Moffitt's, was discovered in excavating a cellar on Congress street, near India.

It is said the ladies intend to get a charter from the Legislature for a society similar to the Citizens' Relief

Old ladies now-a-days bury their demijohns of whiskey in sand-banks. That's a new way to make a "stone-wall."

The free meeting at the Sons of Temperance Hall yesterday afternoon, was well attended and many able speeches were made.

The steamer Franconia on her passage from New York last week collided with a coal barge that was in tow of a tug, and the barge was sunk. The fault was on the side of the tug.

The steam collier Reading, of the Reading Coal Company, arrived with 1500 tons of coal Friday, to Randall & McAllister, discharged and went to sea Saturday.

There will be a meeting of the ladies of the class of '72, P. H S., Wednesday evening, Dec. 4th, at Mrs. Fred R. Farrington's, No 155 Oxford street. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

The mercury indicated 32° at sunrise Saturday, 48° at noon; wind west. Pleasant most of the day. A snow-squall at noon. Sunday the mercury indicated 28° at sunrise, 42° at noon; wind northeast. Bright and pleasant.

The old man Wyllie, checker player, who visited this city and played with Broughton a few years ago, was robbed of his gold watch after he had finished playing one evening at Glasgow, recently.

The Allan mail steamer Circassian from Liverpool Nov. 21st, for Halifax, broke the piston rod of her high pressure cylinder, and returned to Liverpool. Her passengers and mail will come out by the Moravian sailing from Liverpool Nov. 28th.

Officers Gribben and Harmon, and Hanson and Garland arrested two men for drunkenness and disturbance yesterday, and Officer Skillings, another for drunkenness. Arrests were also made by Officers Hicks and Fickett, Stevens, Morse and Pennell.

John H. Snow, chief mate of the bark C. O. Whitmore, of Bath, indicted by the United States grand jury for the murder of J. H. Elwood, the second mate, was arraigned in San Francisco, Saturday, and sent to jail in default of bail. Trial was set down for December 10th.

The Temperance Union held a very interesting meeting at Congress Hall last evening. Earnest remarks were made by Messrs. F G. Rich, Ezra Hawkes of Washington, D. C., Job Sanford, Geo. Facy, W. Chase President of the Knightville Reform Club, C. Woodside, and G. W. March.

Portland Shipping.

The following is a correct list of the vessels built in the Portland District during 1877:

		Rig.	Name.	Builder.	Owner.	Tonnage.
Barks....	Charles Loring.	Bark.....	E. L. Mayberry.	Giles Loring, Yarmouth.	E. M. Knight et als.	656 36
Ship.....	John A. Briggs.	Steamer.	Geo. L. Morse.	Merrill Bros., E. Deering.	At Greenport.	783.49
Barks....	E. L. Pettengill.	Steamer.	Psyche.	O. F. Despeaux, Brunswick.	Same.	18.37
Barks....	Briggs & Cushing, Freeport.	Sloop.....	Nellie Gilman.	Merrill Bros., E. Deering.	Same.	31.05
Barks....	Giles Loring, Yarmouth.	Steamer.	Psyche.	Merrill Bros., E. Deering.	Boston.	21.05
Barks....	Same.	Ship.....	Brutus.	E. Russell, E Deering.	J. S. Winslow et als.	1214.27
Barks....	Same.	Barks....	Ellen.	Briggs & Cushing, Freeport.	Same.	841.68
Barks....	Same.	Barks....	Ellen.	Same.	Same.	552.18

There have been more vessels lost belonging to this district—some ten in all—than have been built the past year. Several vessels have been rebuilt, or additions made to them, but as they retain their old places on the register, they are not mentioned above. There is also a ship of 1700 tons in process of construction by Messrs. Soule of Freeport, one of 1800 tons by the Messrs. Blanchard of Yarmouth, and one brig of 450 tons at Harpswell. These latter vessels are all planked up and will be launched next spring. There are also four porgy steamers under way, to be built by the Merrill Brothers of Deering.

FIVE YEARS LABOR.—During the five years of County Attorney Libby's labor as prosecuting officer, he has pressed to trial in the Superior Court 1000 indictments and 500 appealed cases, (the trial docket occupying from three to five weeks each term,) with but six acquittals on indictments and sixteen on appealed cases. Exclusive of the Municipal Court there were $85,000 fines and costs collected, 25 per cent. more than the whole amount collected through the state in the seven preceding years. Before the law made imprisonment obligatory for second offences in liquor selling over $28,600 were collected in fines and costs in the Superior Court yearly, over twice that obtained in the rest of the state, and leaving a surplus of $20,000 after paying the expenses of the criminal court. The last term 44 rumsellers have been sentenced to imprisonment for an aggregate of 15 years, and the county jail is overfull.

From the records of both the Municipal and Superior Courts it appears that since the passage of the above amendment (rendering sentences of imprisonment obligatory in liquor cases) the amount received from fines and costs has been reduced more than two-thirds, so that the fines collected during the past year are not probably sufficient to pay all the expenses to the county incident to the enforcement of the prohibitory law. The amount collected in the Superior Court at the last September term in liquor cases was less than $2000. Prior to the change in the law more than four times that amount was collected in a single term.

ACCIDENTS.—A middle aged man named Maly was carrying a hod up to the second story of the tenement house, corner of Fore and Centre streets, Saturday afternoon. He stepped off the piazza and fell a distance of fifteen feet to the ground, receiving serious injuries.

Mr. George Frobisher, who resides at Cape Elizabeth, was cutting hay in a hay-cutter Saturday. His left hand was caught in the knives and two fingers taken off.

Isaac Webber, who resides on Merrill street, fell from a ladder, a distance of twenty feet, at East Deering, Thanksgiving, and cut two bad gashes in his side.

Edward McCarty was thrown from a wagon on Spring street Saturday, and his head and neck were badly wrenched. He was taken home insensible.

Terry McCarty's boy was bitten by a Salem street dog.

John Nalley was the first man to arrive at the fire Friday night, and entering by a ladder, got Mrs. Deeney out of the window. In his efforts Nalley had his hands badly burnt, and his eyebrows and whiskers singed.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.—Sergeant Boyd in charge of the Portland station of the U. S. Signal Service, furnishes the following report for the month of November:

Monthly Mean Barometer, 29.88.
Monthly Mean Thermometer, 39 deg.
Monthly Mean Humidity, 68
Highest Barometer, 30.56 on 16th.
Lowest Barometer, 28.91 on 23d.
Monthly range of barometer, 1.59.
Highest temperature 56 deg on 17th.
Lowest temperature, 22 deg on 5th.
Monthly range of temperature, 34.
Greatest daily range of temperature 19 deg on 16th.
Mean maximum temperature, 45.
Mean of minimum temperatures 34.
Mean daily range of temperature, 11.
Total rain fall and melted snow 3.74 inches.
Prevailing wind, West.
Total number of miles traveled, 6369.
Maximum velocity of wind, 38 miles per hour from N. E on the 22d
Number of cloudy days, other than those on which rain fell, 1.
Total number of days on which rain or snow fell 20.
Number of Lunar Halos, 1 on 8th.
Frost on 4th, 6th, 7th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 25th, 30th.

THE FORCE OF HABIT.—Saturday morning a groom was exercising one of the span belonging to Falmouth No. 4, on Spring street. Suddenly the fire alarm struck once, and the horse immediately sprang from the groom's hands, rushed through the stable door and took his place at the pole of the steamer all ready to be harnessed in.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

HAVERLY'S MINSTRELS.

Haverly is one of the shrewdest manager in the country. He never fails not only to create a sensation but to give a good show, and such was the case Saturday. The Mastodon Minstrel Troupe, forty in number, headed by a squad of police paraded the principal streets in the afternoon, and in the evening Music Hall presented an aspect that must have pleased the manager. The galleries were crowded, and the parquette full. No doubt, at lower prices, there would not have been standing room, but at the figures adopted, as much, if not more money was taken.

When the curtain rose the four tiers of darkies with the eight end men in their red check trowsers, blue vests and canary colored coats, the whole party surmounted by the great Centennial drum, presented a unique and attractive spectacle and was greeted with a round of applause. While there was not a great deal of variety in the entertainment every act was pleasing, and some created enthusiasm. Of the latter we may mention the clog dance with the military evolutions by twelve song and dance men, and the laughable scene entitled Hannah's Wedding. Billy Rice was full of fun, and the California Quartette—well known here—rendered their part-songs very satisfactorily.

DOLLIE BIDWELL.

Dollie Bidwell, a favorite here for so many years, and who, for a long time, rejoiced in the title of Queen of the Eastern Circuit, will reappear in this city at Music Hall Wednesday evening, after an absence of four years. She will assume the dual character of Lady Isabel and Madame Vine, and will be supported by J. C. Myers' company. Chandler's orchestra will furnish the music, and the old prices will be restored.

BLIND TOM.

This remarkable phenomenon, who has not favored our audiences with a display of his wonderful gift for several years, will appear at Portland Theatre next Wednesday evening. As the Herald says, "of mere music the public have an abundant supply; but when it emanates from a condition of idiocy, when you might as well expect one of the orang outangs from Barnum's cage to step on the stage and reproduce the most exquisite creations of manners as to see the thing really done by this poor, demented negro; when you see his sightless eyes wandering in vacancy, and his tongue lapping his lips as if he were turning some sweet morsel, while a flow of melody is pouring from beneath his fingers, it is impossible not to wonder at the mysterious dispensation of Providence that has bestowed upon this nonentity—this being, so little higher than a brute—one of the choicest of its gifts and the ability to illustrate that gift with all the art that attends the choicest culture."

WILHELMJ.

Our readers will remember the sale of seats for the Wilhelmj concert will commence at Stockbridge's to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. Besides the great violinist, who surpasses all others as Rubenstein, Liszt and Von Bulow surpass all other pianists, we shall be favored by the presence of Teresa Carreno, the pianist, Signor Tagliapietra, baritone, and Miss James, soprano. The audience will prove the most brilliant of the season.

PHILLIPS-KARL.

We are informed that another night of opera will be afforded our citizens. Next Monday evening Miss Adelaide Phillips, Miss Stone, Mr. Tom Karl and others, will present either Faust, or Favorita and one act of Lucia, at the Portland Theatre, with full orchestra and chorus.

NOTES.

Shakespeare's Comedy of Errors has been presented with great effect at the Park Theatre, New York, the past week. Robson and Crane in the Two Dromios have created a great sensation, while the other characters are all well taken.

Lilian, or the Banker's Daughter, was brought out at the Union Square last Saturday night, and was a great success.

The Dramatic News says that John Maddem's new play written for the Williamsons, is the best thing he has done but it hardly fits those two comedians' peculiarities.

The most perfect representation of opera produced in this country is that now presented by the Mapleson company in New York. There have been greater individual artists but never such perfect orchestra and chorus, and never have we heard Sonnambula given so correctly and with such perfection of detail, as by this troupe.

Harry Bloodgood has left the minstrel business for the legitimate and burlesque.

Lizzie May Ulmer received an ovation in Halifax last week.

Geo. F. Ketchum, who created so much fun in Unknown, is having a play written especially adapted to his peculiar abilities.

During the performance of Trovatore in Chicago the other evening, the Owl Club presented Miss Cary with a prodigious stand of flowers, surmounted by a floral fac simile of their patron bird.

Sheridan Shook has made $300,000 out of the Union Square Theatre in five years.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.—At the recent railroad accident in New Brunswick—on the New Brunswick & Canada Railroad—where four persons were killed, the papers mentioned an unknown hero and heroine. Two Swedes were aboard the ill-fated train, Sven Riogdall and Clara W. Juhlen, the latter a girl of 19 years of age. Both lost their baggage and were severely bruised. They had been residents of this city for several years and had many friends among our citizens. It appears they were the hero and heroine.

A gentleman, resident in Aroostook writes as follows in regard to the conduct of these two Swedes at the time of the accident:

Your two Swedes behaved like hero and heroine, through these awful scenes. Their pluck, coolness and work saved, or helped save, several lives. The man ceased work in the burning car only when another second would have destroyed him. They are certainly noble, both of them. From all I can learn of the man and woman, I am satisfied there are very few people who, under like circumstances, would have borne themselves so well and kept their wits under control so perfectly and to such good purpose. But for their efforts singly and combined, there would in all human probability have been two more lost in that car, and burned alive at that. These two "Swedes would redeem the whole colony.

A NEW INVENTION.—The Sunday Times says Dr. Chase of this city has patented an invention called the "Specially Responsive Harmonica Scale." The object is to make all the notes in the lower octave as perfect as the "queen notes," and this is accomplished by a group of sounding boards, each adjusted in length, breadth and thickness, to the wants of the imperfect notes. He will claim a royalty of $3 on every piano, organ, violin or guitar, on the ground that the existence of the "queen notes" infringes on his discovery, and as there are some 40,000 organs in Maine he has issued 30 notifications to makers announcing he shall sue them if they do not pay up.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Officers Newcomb and Steele saw a fire in the store of Parker & Donahue, on the corner of Centre and Fore streets, at about half-past twelve this morning. They broke into the store and found a bunch of brooms on fire. In their efforts to put out the flames Officer Newcomb burned his hand quite badly. It was exceedingly fortunate that the fire was discovered else a disastrous conflagration would have resulted. How the fire caught is unknown as there had been no fire near where it originated.

GRAIN IMPORTATION.—To give some idea of the amount of grain brought to this port by the Grand Trunk during the year 1877, we present the following figures:

Grain.	Bushels.
Corn	1,408,400
Oats	449,600
Barley	13,000
Peas	219,200
Wheat	654,800
Rye	3,000

Besides the above, there were 18,900 barrels of flour.

MECHANICS' DRAWING SCHOOL.—All persons who have made application for the architectural, mechanical and free hand classes of the M. C. M. A. Drawing school are requested to meet at the Library Room of the association this evening at 7.30 o'clock. The committee desire that all applicants who have not already done so, call at the office of the secretary of the committee sometime during the day and sign the application book in order to avoid delay in the evening.

SAILING OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—The Mississippi sailed for Liverpool Saturday night. She took 90 head of cattle, 200 sheep, 25,000 boxes of cheese and butter, 1000 boxes of provisions, 30,000 bushels of grain. The cargo was valued at $300,000. She also carried two passengers from Canada.

The Quebec will probably arrive next Wednesday.

PULPIT AND PLATFORM.

HISTORY OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

The first of a series of sermons on this interesting subject was preached at St. Stephen's Church Sunday afternoon by the rector, Rev. Mr. Dalton. I Thess, II: 13. The subject of this series of sermons, said the preacher, is evidently a very important one, yet like many important things is too generally neglected. The prevalent ideas respecting it are, to say the least very vague, where they are not quite erroneous. Thus many date all the Christianity in the world of any interest to us, or value to others from the sixteenth century. That is to say, many regard all between that century and the first, as of no account or positively pernicious. But this is a dangerous as well as prejudiced opinion. Christianity is a religion founded on facts—it is and ever must be essentially an historical religion, one that can be traced through all the centuries of its history back to its acknowledged first teacher and founder. That which I propose to do, said the preacher, is to divide this history into periods or clearly defined eras, exhibiting the salient features of each, nothing extenuating, setting down nothing in malice, but speaking the truth in love. I shall confine myself almost wholly to indisputable points, and shall be careful to contend only for the truth, quite willing that you shall draw your own conclusions as to ceremonial laws and doubtful disputations.

For the sake of convenient handling and with due regard to the actual order of events, I shall divide the history into three periods, viz: the Primitive, Papal and Protestant. The first third of this history we call the Primitive period or era of six hundred years, an era of boundless activity, crowded growth, great events and crowned with marvellous success. But even this primitive era must be subdivided into three lesser eras, each of which has marked characteristics. We will call the first the Apostolic, the second that of the earlier, and the third that of the later Fathers.

The age of the Apostles is happily well known to Protestants, and no labor is spared to make it familiar. And with good reason our guides dwell on this chapter of church history, for no subsequent age has equalled it in inspiration, authority, activity or success. But it does not follow that subsequent ages should be ignored or summarily dismissed with a wave of the hand intended to bar out all further consideration of their claims to respectful attention. The Apostles of Christ preached the Gospel and founded churches in the principal cities of the Roman Empire, and by their successors Christianity was carried to the remotest parts. Though often assailed from various quarters, the infant church was unmolested by the civil power till the reign of Nero, A. D. 64. After Nero's persecution, the church had rest till A. D. 94, under Domitian. The persecutions down to Constantine are generally reckoned as ten, too large a number if general persecutions are meant, too small if only local ones are included.

The membership of the church was comparatively pure, as it was frequently necessary in that age for Christians to suffer the loss of all things, including the shedding of their blood. The bearing of this fact is obvious. A despised and persecuted sect has no attractions for the worldly, ambitious, or insincere. The worship was simple, and consisted of Scripture reading and expositions, common prayer and praise, with the celebration of the Lord's Supper. Liturgies were in general use. Baptism was the initiatory rite, universally received and immersion the form, applied chiefly to adults in the first century, but equally to infants in the second and all subsequent centuries, on the ground of being an Apostolic tradition, and in harmony with Christ's institution. Laymen took an active and influential part in church affairs; and from the beginning of authentic church history, we read of "three orders" in the ministry. No city had more than one bishop, though it might have many presbyters and deacons, and numerous church assemblies and edifices. Thus Ignatius was bishop of Antioch, Polycarp (a disciple of St. John) of Smyrna, Irenæus of Lyons. A bishop was *primus inter pares* as to the other clergy, but each bishop was officially equal to any other bishop. The bishops of other cities could and did differ from the bishop of Rome, and disputed with him on perfectly equal terms. In this age flourished Clement, Tertullian, Cyprian, Origen and Justin Martyr. There were also heresies, schisms and sects in those days, such as the Nazarenes, the Ebonites, the Novatians, the Docetes, and the Gnostics. But the bulk of believers, as in the Apostles' days, were of one heart and one mind, members of one visible church which was called Catholic or universal, because it included, held and guided the great body of believers, nine-tenths, perhaps, of those who in that age "professed and called themselves Christians." The only doctrical test or symbol was "the Apostles Creed", the shortest, simplest and most of all creeds, a return to which would heal most of the modern divisions among Christians.

In brief, this was the heroic age of the church whose achievements have never been equalled since, and whose illustrious virtues, sacrifices and works constitute an inestimable treasure, the common heritage of Christendom.

PAYSON MEMORIAL CHURCH.

Rev Dr. Mason of Fryeburg supplied the sacred desk at the Payson Memorial church yesterday, and preached two able sermons. His text in the afternoon was from Solomon's Song, chapter 2, first to fourth verses inclusive. No portion of the Old Testament is less read. It is so highly figurative that Christians turn away from it as uninstructive and regard its instructions as so buried up in figure as to be beyond the reach of the common mind. If, however, there is a drapery it is because there are rich experiences for which no common language is fitting; like jewels in a casket, its metaphors and poetic imagery one the fit setting for the rare gems. This particular chapter abounds in imagery of peculiar beauty, the theme being Christ and the object to set Him forth so attractively as to touch some heart that vibrates to the poetry of its description. Man has become God's enemy. God would win him back to friendship and hence inspires Solomon with a pen dipped in heavenly dews to present Jesus in a way calculated to disarm enmity and take hold of some heart by the strategy of divine love—to present Him veiled behind such attractive figures that the sinner is lured on by the beautiful description and insensibly won.

The Song as studied and analyzed is a dialogue. Jesus is speaker at first, the church or believer replying. No representation could be so well calculated to attract the Israelite. The country around and its productions gave point and beauty to this description to him just as Jesus drew one of his beautiful illustrations from the lily at the wayside. Jesus is represented as worthy and the true believer or church becomes like Him, bearing at last even such fruit as Himself. The contrast here is wrought out that as the lily appears in greater loveliness among the thorns so also the believer and church amid the wickedness of the world.

Having thus seen the true meaning of the text we can easily trace the allegory and see the real. Every true Christian feels there is none like Christ. This is not a matter of the intellect, but of the heart. He has the witness in himself; he would as soon disbelieve his own existence as to believe there could be one equal to Him. Let us pass from the Old Testament prophecies and see the record of the life of Christ. To those who will look at this no added word is needed. There is but one aim in all the records, to show Christ by Himself. There is no varnish, no attempt at coloring, no circumstance is added beyond the plain facts, all leading to the unavoidable conclusion that the historians were truthful men, and that Jesus was beyond the human race. His humanity was like ours but was free from the defilement of sin and brings him near and enables us to see more clearly divine things. As you look upon the man Christ Jesus, perfect in His obedience to the laws of nature and to God and contrast Him with the wrecks sin has strewn in life's track everywhere, there is surely something for sinners to admire. Then as you look upon Him as God man, you may not demur or wonder at the text as expressing his winning ways. The grand difficulty with the unbeliever is that he shuns Christ, turns his back on the scenes that display His goodness and mercy. He will not sit down among that group of mothers bringing their tender children that Christ may display the depth of His tenderness in blessing them; he does not look upon Jesus dining with the publican and listen to His gracious teaching and to that wondrous announcement of His great mission to save the lost; he will not go with Him to learn that no personal suffering retards His willingness to help; he will not be found at the cross and see His eye lighting upon the mother that bore Him and the disciple that loved Him, and learn in that loving utterance a lesson of filial love, or listen to that deeper utterance of love, "Father forgive them, they know not what they do." If you would contemplate as you ought, His sacrifice, His condescension in admitting to fellowship, the evidences of His sonship, His life on Gallilee and on the mount, and on the cross, His coming from the grave that you might have a glorious resurrection, how could you help being drawn by Him, how could language be strong enough to set forth His attractions. This Saviour we commend to you. If you have any heart yearning for peace, joy and heavenly fellowship, any susceptibility that is touched by the sublime in character or action, if you would be elevated and saved, come ye and look upon and commit yourselves to Jesus our Immanuel.

REV. DR. BOLLES' LECTURES.

Everybody who attended Dr. Bolles' interesting illustrated lectures last spring will not fail to be present at the two to be given at Grand Army Hall Wednesday and Thursday evenings. The subject of the first is "Scenes in the land of Scott and Burns;" the second "London and the Art Treasures of South Kensington." As Wilhelmj is to give his concert on Thursday night we could wish the second lecture might be postponed until another evening.

NOTES

The third lecture in the Y. M. C. A. course will be given this evening by S. C. Gordon, M. D. Subject, "Sleep." There will be a special business meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock to take into consideration a proposal in reference to the Smelt's Hill chapel fund.

Revival meetings under the auspices of the Gospel Temperance Mission will be held as usual every evening during the week, commencing at 7.30 o'clock. Mr. S. F. Pearson will lead those at the Mechanics' building, and Mrs. S. F. Pearson those at the Abyssinian church. Elder Miles Grant will be present at the latter place this evening.

Mr. Nichols, a layman from Boston, delivered an earnest and interesting lecture last evening at St. Dominick's church in aid of the poor.

THE STUDIOS.

Harry Brown's Summer's Work.

Few pleasanter ways of passing an afternoon can be found than by spending it in Mr. Harry Brown's studio. The studio itself is a picture, and paintings are seldom handsomer housed. From the wall at one end of the room the Mona Lisa looks down upon the visitor with her fixed smile, and from the other the severe face of the Moses of Michael Angelo. All about are objects of interest, old bronzes from Pompeii, Roman candelabras, Japanese metal work, decorated pottery and bits of rare china. Sitting there and gazing at the sketches and finished paintings that hang upon the walls or cumber the floor, one fancies an artist must be the happiest of men. Mr. Brown's cheery manner, as he discourses of paintings old and new, and gossips about brother artists, or modestly replies to questions regarding his own work, strengthens the fancy.

Mr. Brown passed much of the sketching season at the Glen, under the shadow of Mount Washington, and has brought back some admirable sketches of mountain scenery. One view of the great range is to many, perhaps to all, the most satisfactory that has been given. No wonder Ben, the mountain guide, exclaimed at sight of it; "That's the first time I ever saw the mountains in a picture!" Ben should know, for he has piloted many artists up the mountain sides, and curiously watched their sketching. Noticeable too is a picture of the Old Mill, showing genuine sentiment and daintily handled, and another, of the still brown depths of the Garnet Pools. The sketching tour however was not confined to the White Hills. The artist passed some time about Sebago Lake, and brought back charming studies of the sinuous Songo and the lazy waters of Crooked River. The islands of our harbor too afforded him suggestions for those water and fog effects in which he so much delights.

In the collection will be found pictures of unusual strength, and of great purity and brilliancy of tone. Mr. Brown is not content to settle down quietly as one having nothing more to learn. He is ill-pleased if pictures painted this year are not better than those painted last year. He finds his reward; for this latest work of his displays a delicate feeling for color, a depth of sentiment, and a firmness of handling, surpassing anything he has before done. The feeling for color is especially noticeable in the delicious cool grays he introduces.

PORTLAND AND OGDENSBURG.—When the Vermont division of the Portland & Ogdensburg was constructed it issued its bonds of which, it is said, some $250,000 are held by Portland parties, the Portland Rolling Mills holding $184,000. That division finds its road, it is reported, in bad condition at present and the receiver has applied for permission to raise a loan of $500,000. A meeting of the Portland bondholders was held at the Rolling Mills office Friday and a committee was appointed to cooperate with other bondholders to oppose the receiver's petition. A hearing will be held Dec. 27th.

MRS. DEENEY'S DEATH.—Coroner Adams informs us, that after careful examination, Chief Engineer Littlefield and himself have decided that the fire on Congress street, Friday night, caught from the upsetting of a lamp in Mrs. Deeney's room, and that Mrs. Deeney received her fatal injuries from endeavoring to extinguish the flames. She probably inhaled the fire and her hands were completely charred.

PAYSON MEMORIAL CHURCH.—The council of churches called to act on the dismissal of Rev. Dr. Carruthers, will meet at the Payson Memorial church next Wednesday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock, and will consist of the pastor and a lay delegate from the High street, State street, Williston, St. Lawrence street, Bethel, West End, and Plymouth churches of this city, and the Deering and Cape Elizabeth churches.

The Stevedore Question.

MR. EDITOR:—We feel authorized by the remarks inserted in the daily papers by Mr. Scanlon, to question some of his statements. Mr. Scanlon says there were 24 men went from Portland to Montreal. Now out of these 24 but four belonged in Portland. If Mr. Scanlon would give the names of these 24 men the city tax collector and assessor might be benefitted, as he has, no doubt unintentionally, omitted the names from his list. Mr. Scanlon also alleges that, to the best of his ability, he has discharged Portland men. We claim this is not true. The few Portland men engaged were always placed in a position where they were first to be discharged. They were always placed in that part of the ship where there was the least cargo, consequently the Montreal men had the advantage. Mr. Scanlon also avers he knows of no man coming to Portland on the company's passes. If he knew of such a case he would discharge the man at once. We have the statement on good authority that a number of men came through on the company's passes. Mr. Scanlon says of the 24 men engaged only 9 were residents of Montreal. We can prove that both last week and this there were 30 Montreal men working on the Mississippi. It is evident Mr. Scanlon is determined to blind the eyes of good citizens, but we are determined to rectify the wrongs of the working-man just as soon as it can be legally done. Mr. Scanlon says there is no truth in the statement that ship laborers are not allowed to go from place to place for work except in Quebec, where there is an association which confines work to citizens. An association like that in Quebec is just what we want in this city. Mr. Scanlon says besides stevedores as many as 15 men are employed as coal heavers and probably will be this winter as they are more accustomed to handling coal. We consider this a statement a slur on stevedores, and portwardens, merchants and shipmasters will testify their record in Portland stands as high as anywhere. Mr. Scanlon says of the 24 men who worked for the company in Portland last winter, and went to Montreal and worked during the summer, only a portion of them returned. He does not state that the reason they did not return was because their wages were too high. When they left Portland last season they were in debt to their landlords for their board. The above are plain facts. WORKINGMEN.

The Wreck of the Charley Cobb.

A brief telegraphic despatch Saturday announced the loss of the schooner Charley Cobb of Rockland. The Boston Journal gives the following particulars:

On Thursday night between 11 and 12 o'clock the schooner Charley Cobb, from Rockland, Me., bound for Providence, R. I., Capt. Joseph Metcalf, struck a ledge about three miles from the beach. About this time the mate was knocked overboard and drowned. During the confusion, and delay that followed this disaster, the vessel drifted among the little islands near the beach, when the captain hearing the breakers, and having lost his small boat at the time that the mate was lost, concluded to run the vessel on the beach, which he did at 12 o'clock. In the midnight darkness three men attempted to get ashore through the breakers, each one having a line around his body. The third one succeeded and went for assistance. The vessel was not injured by contact with the ledge, but after being beached the water set fire to the 1600 barrels of lime of which her cargo consisted, preventing the saving of the papers, &c., in the cabin, and assistance was rendered by many of the citizens of Manchester in saving the things on deck, sails, &c. The shrouds were cut away to enable the masts to fall as soon as they were burned off below decks. The smouldering fire caused a dense smoke and were likely to break out at any time. A multitude of spectators were on the beach to witness the novelty of the scene. The most melancholy part of the affair was the loss of the mate, whose name is unknown. Although drowned three miles distant from the shore his body was washed up on the beach quite near the vessel. He was a Norwegian, about 35 years of age, and a noble looking man. The vessel is owned by Francis Cobb of Rockland, and is uninsured. She is of handsome model, built ten years ago, and will probably prove nearly a total loss. The wreck is within three hundred yards of the Masconomo House. A Thanksgiving breakfast was served to the Captain and crew by Russell Sturgis, Esq., who resides near the beach. A score of turkey dinners were tendered to the survivors.

Further particulars state that the vessel's papers were burned, and the name of the mate is unknown. He was a Norwegian, and it is said that he enlisted at New York about a year ago as a common sailor, at which time he was called John, as his real name was an unfamiliar one. His ability and good character soon caused him to be promoted to the position of second officer. After the coroner's inquest his remains were conveyed to the Town Hall, where fun

THE PRESS.

[Lippincott's Magazine]

The Colonel's Sentence.

AN ALGERIAN STORY.

BY DAVID KER.

"I've known many clever fellows in my time," said Paul Dupont, French sous-lieutenant in the —th of the line, as he sat sipping his coffee in front of the Hotel de la Regence at Algiers, "but by far the cleverest man I ever met was our colonel, Henri de Malet. People said he ought to have been an *avocat*, but that was giving him but half his due, for I'll be bound he could have outflanked any lawyer that ever wore a gown. In his latter days he always went out by the name of 'Solomon the Second,' and if you care to hear how he came by it, I'll tell you.

"Before he came to us de Malet was military commandant at Oran, and it was there that he did one of his best strokes—outgeneraling a camel driver, from Tangier, one of those thorough-paced Moorish rascals of whom the saying goes, 'Two Maltese to a Jew and three Jews to a Moor.' Now this Tangerine, when pulled up for some offence or other, swore that he wasn't Muley the camel driver at all, but quite another man; and as his friends all swore the same, and he had managed to alter his appearance a bit before he was arrested, he seemed safe to get off. But our colonel wasn't to be done in that way. He pretended to dismiss the case, and allowed the fellow to get right out into the street as if all was over; and then he suddenly shouted after him, 'Muley, the camel driver, I want to speak to you.' The old rogue, hearing his own name turned and came back before he could recollect himself; and so he was caught in spite of all his cunning.

The fame of this exploit went abroad like wildfire, and it got to be a saying among us, whenever we heard of any very clever trick, that it was one of Colonel de Malet's judgments; and so, when he was transferred from Oran to Algiers, it was just as if we all knew him already, although none of us had ever seen him before. But it wasn't long before we got a much better story than that about him; for one night a man dined at our mess who had known the colonel out in India, and told us a grand tale of how he astonished them all at Pondicherry. It seems that some things had been stolen from the officers' quarters, and nobody could tell who had done the thing, and the first thing next morning the colonel went along the line at diversion, giving each of the native soldiers a small strip of bamboo; and then he said, very solemnly, 'My children, there is a guilty man among us, and it has been revealed to me by Brahma himself how his guilt is to be made clear. Let every man of you come forward in his turn and give me his piece of bamboo, and the thief, let him do what he may, will have the longest piece.'

Now you know what superstitious hounds those Asiatic fellows always are; and when they heard this announcement they looked at each other like children going to be whipped. The colonel took the bamboos one after another, as solemnly as if he were on a court-martial, but when about a dozen men had gone past he suddenly sprang forward and seized one of them by the throat, shouting at the full pitch of his voice, 'you are the man!'

"Down went the fellow on his knees and yelled for mercy, confessing that he *was* the man, sure enough. As for the rest, they looked as frightened as if all the gods in the caverns of Elephanta had come flying down among them at once; and from that day forth they salaamed to the very ground at the mere sight of the colonel half a mile off.

"'How on earth did you manage that, colonel?' asked the senior major, a great fat fellow, as stupid as a carp.*

"'Nothing simpler, my dear fellow,' answered de Malet laughing. 'The strips were all the same length, and the thief, fearing to get the longest piece, betrayed himself by *biting off his end*.'†

"This, as you may think, added a good deal to the colonel's reputation; and when we had that affair with the Bedouins at Laghouat we soon saw that he could fight as well as manœuvre. In the thick of the skirmish one of the rogues, seeing de Malet left alone, flew at him with drawn yataghan, but the colonel just dropped on his horse's neck and let the blow pass over him, and then gave point and ran the fellow right through the body, as neatly as any fencing master could have done it. You may be sure we thought none the less of him after that; but all this was nothing to what was coming.

"Well, de Malet had been with us about a year when the railway was begun from Algiers to Blidah, and the directing engineer happened to be one of my greatest friends, Eugene Latour, as good a fellow as I ever met. It was quite a fete with us whenever we dined at mess, for his jokes and good stories kept every one brisk; and then to hear him sing! *ma foi*, it was wonderful! One minute some rattling refrain that seemed to set the very chandeliers dancing on the tables, the next an air that fairly brought the tears into your eyes. They were in mine, I know, every time I heard him sing those two last verses of 'The Conscript's Farewell:'

I thought to gain rich spoils—I've gained
Of bullets half a score:
I thought to come back corporal—
I shall come back no more.

Feed my poor dog, I pray thee, Rose,
And with him gentle be:
He'll miss his master for a while—
Adieu! remember me!†

"Well, as I was saying, Eugene had been put over the work, and I don't know where they could have found a better man for it. Whether it poured with rain or came on hot enough to cook a cutlet without fire, it was all one to him: there he was at his post, looking after everything, with his eyes in ten places at once. You may think that under such a chief the laborers had no chance of idling; and everything was getting on splendidly, when one morning as he was standing on the parapet of a bridge, his foot slipped and down he went, I don't know how far. The fall would have killed him outright if by good luck there hadn't happened to be an Arab underneath (the only time that an Arab *was* of any use, I should say,) and Eugene, alighting upon *him*, broke his own fall and the Bedouin's neck to boot.

Now, it there had been nobody there to tell tales, this wouldn't have mattered a pin, for an Arab, more or less, is no such great matter; but, as ill-luck would have it, there were three or four more of the rascals near enough to see what had happened, and of course they raised a hue and cry directly. And when it was noised abroad that a Christian dog (as they politely call us) had killed a Mussulman, you should have seen what an uproar there was! The people came running together like vultures when a camel drops down in the desert, and there was a yelling and dancing and shaking of fists that made one's very head turn round. Poor Eugene would have been torn to pieces on the spot if the guard hadn't formed round him and defended him; and the only way we could pacify the mob was to promise them justice from the district magistrate; so away to the magistrate we all went.

Now, I dare say Mr. Magistrate was a very good fellow in his way and I don't want to say a word against him, but still, it must be owned that he wasn't exactly the kind of man to stand firm in the miest of a rabble of wild Mohammedans, all howling and flourishing their knives at once under his very nose. To tell the plain truth, he was frightened out of his wits; and the only thing he thought of was how to shift the responsibility on tomebody else's shoulders as fast as possible. So he said (and it was very lucky he did, as it turned out) that Latour, being in government employ, must be tried by military law; and he packed them all off to the commandant, who, as I've told you, was no other than Colonel de Malet.

It was no easy matter for the colonel to get at the facts of the case, for all the rascals kept shrieking at once; but at last, bit by bit he managed to get a pretty clear idea of what had happened; and then he said, very solemnly, "A French officer does his duty, let it be what it will. You have come here for justice, and justice you shall have.

There was a great roar of triumph from the crowd, and poor Eugene looked as blank as a thief in the Salle de la Police.

"Before I pass sentence, however,' pursued De Malet, 'I wish to ask this young man) pointing to the son of the dead Arab, who was the ringleader of the mischief) 'whether he will accept of any compromise.'

'No,no!' yelled the young brigand—'life for life!'

'So be it', said the colonel gravely, 'and you by Mussulman law, are your father's destined avenger. Therefore, let the engineer be taken back to the very spot where his victim was standing, and do you go to the top of the parapet and *jump down upon him*."

*Why this unfortunate fish should be so distinguished I have never been able to learn, but the saying is universal in the French army

†This is a paraphrase rather than a translation' the patois of the original being impossible to render exactly.

"*Tonnerre de ciel!* what a roar of laughter there was! The very Arabs couldn't help joining in. As to the young villain himself, he stood stock still for a moment and then flew out of the court like a madman; and that was the last of him. We gave Eugene a famous supper that night at the Cafe Militaire in honor of his escape; and the story was in all the papers next morning, headed 'A Judgment of Solomon.' And from that day to the end of his life Colonel de Malet never went by any other name among us but 'Solomon the Second.'"

CAN'T PREACH GOOD.

No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a lawsuit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See "Truths" and "Proverbs," other column.
dec2 d&w1w

PORTLAND POST OFFICE.

Office Hours.

From 8.00 a. m to 8.30 p m, Sundays excepted. Sundays open for Carriers and General Delivery from 9 to 10 a m., and 1.30 to 2.30 p. m.

PORTLAND, ME., Oct. 7, 1878.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Boston and intermediate offices, Arrive at 12.20 and 11.40 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m., and 3.00 and 9.00 p. m.

Boston and the West. Arrive at 5.20 p m.

Intermediate offices via Way Mails via Boston and Maine Railway. Arrive at 12.20 and 8.10 p m. Close at 8.15 a. m. and 3.00 p. m.

Eastern, Southern and Western. Arrive at 12.20 and 1.40 p. m. Close at 8.15 a. m., 3.00 and 9.00 p. m.

Bangor and connecting routes. Arrive at 3.50 p. m. Close at 11.30 a. m.

Augusta and connecting routes. Arrive at 8.5o a. m. and 3 50 p. m. Close at 11.30 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.

Morning Northwestern by G. T. R. Arrive at 8.35 a m. Close at 7.15 a m.

Lewiston and Auburn. Arrive at 2.05 and 8.50 a. m., and 3.50 p. m. Close at 6.30 and 11.30 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.

Casting, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, S. W. Harbor, Mt. Desert, Jonesport, Machias, Machiasport, East Machias, Millbridge and Bar Harbor, via each steamer. Arrive at 6 a m. Close at 9 p. m.

Eastport, via each steamer. Arrive at 6.00 a m. Close at 4.45 p. m.

Foreign Mails, via New York, day previous to sailing of steamers. Close at 8.15 a. m.

Express, Augusta, Bangor and the East. Arrive at 2.05 a m. Close at 9.00 p m.

Skowhegan intermediate offices and the north. Arrive at 3.50 p m. Close at 11.30 a. m.

Skowhegan also closes at 3.00 p m.

Canada and intermediate offices, via G. T. R. Arrive at 1.20 p. m. Close at 12.45 p. m.

Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island. Close at 11.30 a. m. and 9 p. m.

Swanton, Vt., and intermediate offices, via P. & O. R. R. Arrive 6.40 p. m Close 6.45 a. m.

Fryeburg, Me., and intermediate offices, via P. & O. R. R Arrive 11.15 a. m. Close 2.15 p. m.

Worcester, Mass., and intermediate offices, via P. & R. R. R. Arrive 1.20 p m. Close 12.15 p. m.

Rochester, N. H., and intermediate offices, via P. & R. R. R. Close 7 a. m.

Boston and the South and West, *Sunday only*. Arrive 12.45 p. m.

Carriers' deliveries at 7 00 and 10.00 a. m. and 1.00 and 4.00 p m. Collections at 7.00 and 11.00 a. m., and 2.30 and 8 00 p. m

The Rates of Postage.

Postal cards, one cent each, go without further charge to all parts of the United States and Canadas with an additional one-cent stamp they go to all parts of Europe.

All letters, to all parts of the United States and Canada, three cents per half-ounce.

Local, or "drop" letters, that is, for the city or town where deposited, 2 cents if delivered by carriers, and 1 cent where there is no carrier system.

Newspapers, daily, semi weekly, tri weekly and weeklies, regularly issued and sent to regular subscribers, 2 cents per pound, payable at the office of publication, newspapers and magazines published less frequently than once a week, 3 cents per pound. Transient newspapers, magazines, pamphlets, books and handbills, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. All other miscellaneous matter, including unsealed circulars, book manuscripts, proof-sheets, photographs, &c., and also seeds, cuttings, bulbs and roots, and merchandise not exceeding four pounds in weight, 1 cent for each ounce or fraction thereof.

The following are the postal rates with Europe: The rates for letters are for the half-ounce or fraction thereof, and those for newspapers for four ounces or fraction thereof:—

To Great Britain and Ireland, letters 5 cent; newspapers 2 cents; France, letters 5 cents, news papers 2 cents; Spain, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; all parts of Germany, including Austria, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Denmark, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Switzerland, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Italy, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Russia, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Norway, letters 5 cents, news papers 2 cents; Sweden, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Turkey, European and Asiatic, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents; Egypt, letters 5 cents, newspapers 2 cents.

For Asiatic countries, the half-ounce limit for letters, and the four ounces for newspapers, still holding good, the rates are:—

To Australia, letters, via San Francisco (except to New South Wales) 5 cents, via Southampton 15 cents, via Brindisi 19 cents, newspapers, via San Francisco 2 cents, via Southampton 4 cents, via Brindisi 6 cents, China, letters, via San Francisco 10 cents, via Southampton 15 cents, via Brindisi 19 cents, newspapers 2, 4 and 6 cents, by the respective routes; British India, Italian mail, letters, 10 cents, newspapers 4 cents; Japan, letters, via San Francisco 5 cents, via England, 10 cents, via Brindisi 21 cents, newspapers, via San Francisco 2 cents, via Southampton 4 cents, via Brindisi 8 cents.

Stated Meetings.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

The regular meetings of the City Council take place the first Monday evening of each month.

The School Committee meet the third Monday evening of each month.

MASONIC.

At Masonic Hall, No. 96 Exchange Street.

YORK RITE.

BLUE LODGE—Ancient Land-Mark, first Wednesday; Portland, second Wednesday; Atlantic, third Wednesday; Hiram, Tuesday, on or next before every full moon, at Masonic Hall, Town House, Cape Elizabeth

CHAPTERS—Greenleaf R. A. C., first Monday; Mt. Vernon, R. A. C., third Monday.

COUNCIL—Portland C. R. & S. Masters, second Monday.

COMMANDERIES OF K. T.—Portland, fourth Monday; St. Albans, second Thursday; Blanquefort, 3d Thursday.

GRAND SECRET, Grand Lodge, 8th Tuesday in May; Grand Chapter, first Tuesday in May; Grand Council, Wednesday 2 p. m.; Grand Commandery, Wednesday evening.

MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Fourth Wednesday in every month.

PORTLAND SCHOOL OF MASONIC INSTRUCTION—Second and fourth Tuesday of each month

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE.

LODGE—Yates Grand Lodge of Perfection, first Friday.

COUNCIL—Portland Council P. of J. second Friday.

CHAPTER—Dunlap Chapter Rose Croix de H. Third Friday.

CONSISTORY—Maine Consistory, S. P. R. S., fourth Friday in March, June, September and December.

I. O. O. F.

At Odd Fellows' Hall, Farrington Block, Congress Street.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Third Tuesday in the month.

BENEFIT ASSOCIATION—Board of Directors meet first Monday evening of each month Association meets first Monday evening of January, April, July and October.

LODGES—Maine, on Monday evenings; Ancient Brothers, on Thursday evenings;Ligonia, on Friday evenings; Beacon, on Tuesday evenings; Unity, No. 3, on Wednesday evening; Ivy, D ofR., second and fourth Saturday of each month.

ENCAMPMENT—Machigonne, first and third Wednesday; Eastern Star second and fourth Wednesday; Portland, first and third Friday; Falmouth, No. 11, first and third Tuesdays.

TEMPLARS OF HONOR.

At Templars' Hall, No. 100 Exchange Street.

COUNCIL—Maine, first and third Monday in each month

TEMPLE—Forest City, No. 1, every Wednesday evening.

FOREST CITY COMMANDERY No. 16 convenes at P. O. S. of A. Hall, Plum St., on first Thursday of each month.

BOSWORTH POST G. A. R.—Meeting every Friday evening in Mechanics' Hall, corner of Congress and Casco streets.

PORTLAND TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 75—Second Saturday of each month.

PORTLAND SOCIETY OF NATURAL HISTORY—At their library room, City Hall, on the first and third Monday evenings of each month.

SOVEREIGNS OF INDUSTRY—Dirigo Council, No. 1 meets every Friday evening, at Arcana Hall, at 7½ o'clock.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS—Arcana, Monday, Congress Hall, 420½ Congress St.; Mission, Wednesday, Williams' Block, Congress street; Mystic, Thursday, at Sons of Temperance Hall.

PAYSON LITERARY SOCIETY—Meetings every Monday evening, Brown's Block, cor. Brown and Congress streets, at 7½ o'clock.

PORTLAND FRATERNITY—No. 4½ Free St. Block Every evening.

PORTLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY AND READING ROOM—Open and free to all from 10 a. m, to 9 p. m. City Building.

MAINE CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION—Corner of Congress and Casco streets. First Thursday in each month.

PORTLAND TEMPERANCE REFORM CLUB—Headquarters corner of Congress and Temple streets. Open day and evening. Business meeting Tuesday evenings at 7½ o'clock.

PORTLAND TEMPERANCE UNION—Congress Hall. Business meetings Thursday evenings; public meetings Sunday evenings, at 7 o'clock.

JUVENILE TEMPLARS—Perham Temple, No. 24, at Congress Hall, every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Temperance concerts first Sunday in every month.

PORTLAND ARMY AND NAVY UNION—corne Congress and Brown streets. First Tuesday n each month.

PATRIOTIC ORDER SONS OF AMERICA—Camps No 1 and 3 convene at P. O. S. of A. Hall, Plum street. No. 1 on Tuesday evening; No. 3 on Monday evening of each week; No 2 at School House, Turner's Island, Cape Elizabeth Friday Evening.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTAIN ASSOCIATION—Opposite Preble House, Congress Street, open day and evening. Union Gospel Meetings Wednesday and Saturday evenings at 7½ o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Bramhall Lodge, No. 3 Tuesday evenings; Munjoy Lodge, No. 5, Monday evenings; Pine Tree, No. 14, Friday evenings, at their Hall, Clapp's Block, Market Square. Section 181 Endowment Rank, fourth Thursday in each month.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District Court of the United States, District of Maine In the matter of Harris, Atwood & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this Twenty-first day of November by Adrian A. Atwood, of Portland, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Harris Atwood & Co., praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1879, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Portland Advertiser and the Portland Press, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Advertiser and Press, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court, for said District.
no22 dlaw3wF&w1w48

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Portland, Oct, 26th, 1878. oc26eodtf

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jan23 eod&wly

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oc23 dtf1w*

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A great many people may think it strange that I am spending so much money in bringing before the public this article of **Foot Salve**, especially as it is sold at so low a price that it hardly warrants so much advertising. The reason I do this is because I know from experience how much a person suffers from a corn or other disease of the feet, and I think it my duty to make known to the suffering community as much as lies in my power to do, the true value of this **Foot Salve**, that they may experience the relief that I did from its use some two years ago. I had been suffering at that time for several months from a hard corn, which was so painful at times that it was almost unbearable, when Dr. Norman, a Chiropodist, came to my place of business and offered me the salve to sell; but I took no stock in it, as I had never heard before of a salve that had been used with perfect success for diseases of the feet only. He influenced me to have it applied to my corn as a guarantee of its worth; the first morning after it was used I was surprised to find that all the soreness had disappeared, and in a week's time the corn came off itself. Finding with what success it worked in my case, I bought a quantity of the Salve and offered it to my customers, who used it for all the diseases for which it is recommended with like results. I finally bought the right and formula from Dr. Norman, and now offer it to the public generally at a price within the reach of all, trusting that by using it as directed that they will experience the great benefit that I did from its use.

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I am in receipt of a pair of the Wonderful Lefevre Ear Drops, for one dollar; to say that I am pleased with them hardly fills the bill, they are simply elegant.—ANDREW MORRIS, Hecnellsville, N. Y.

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oc31 eod&w2m45

Sheriff's Sale.

CUMBERLAND, SS.

TAKEN on execution and will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder on SATURDAY, the twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1878, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the Sheriff's office in Portland, in said County, all the rights in equity which Mathew Adams of Portland, in said County, had on the twenty first day of March, A. D. 1878, at three o'clock and forty-five minutes in the afternoon, being the time of the attachment of the same on the original writ, in the action on which said execution was obtained to redeem the following described morteaged real estate, viz.:

A parcel of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Portland, in the County of Cumberland, and bounded as follows: Beginning on the southeasterly side of Melbourne street at the northwesterly corner of land conveyed by Elphalet Clark to John E. Noyes on or about May 4th, 1866; thence running southwesterly on the southerly line of said Melbourne street, forty feet; thence southeasterly on a line parallel with the westerly line of said Noyes' land, about seventy-six feet to land now or formerly owned by R. Greely and A. N. Greely; thence northeasterly by said Greely's land forty feet, to said Noyes' land; thence northwesterly by said Noyes' land to the point begun at, being a part of lot No. 131 according to a plan made by A. P. Marshall for Moses Gould and also; recorded in Cumberland Registry of Deeds in plan book 1, and meaning the same land described in a deed from R. Greely and al. to Mathew Adams, recorded in said Registry of Deeds, book 372, page 516, to which deed and deeds therein referred to and said records and plan thereof, reference is made for a more particular description.

Also all the right in equity which said Adams had at the time of the attachment aforesaid, to redeem the following described mortgaged real estate, viz.: A certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Portland, in said County of Cumberland, on the southerly side of Melbourne street, and bounded as follows: Commencing on the southerly side line of said Melbourne street in the division line of land formerly owned by Moses Gould and Gard ner Floyd; thence to extend northeasterly by the said line of said street forty feet, to lot No. 133 as marked on a plan of lots on Melbourne street, drawn by A. P. Marshall, and recorded in Cumberland Registry of Deeds in plan book No. 1; thence from these two bounds to extend southeasterly by said Floyd's line on one side and said lot No. 133 on the other side seventy-six feet more or less, to land sold by Gould to Rensselaer Greely and Edward N. Greely, as per deed recorded in said Registry in book 347, page 56; the above described land being a portion of lot No. 134 in said A. P. Marshall's plan, and the same land described in a deed from Moses Gould to said Mathew Adams dated December 16th, 1874, and recorded in said Registry in book 416, page 354, to which deed and records reference is made for a more particular description.

Dated at Portland this twenty-fifth day of November, A. D. 1878.

GARDNER M. PARKER, Deputy Sheriff.
no25 d1aw3wT

Sheriff's Sale.

CUMBERLAND, SS.

TAKEN on execution and will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of December, A. D. 1878, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the Sheriff's office in Portland, in said County, all the right in equity which George W. Anderson of Windham, in the County of Cumberland, had on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1878, at three o'clock and forty minutes in the afternoon being the time of the attachment of the same on the original Writ, in the action on which said execution was obtained to redeem the following described mortgage real estate, viz:

Twenty-five acres of land more or less, situated in Windham, Cumberland County, Maine, being a part of lot of land No. 85 in the second division of 100 acre lots in said Windham, and bounded as follows, to wit: Northwesterly by Pleasant River, Northeast by land of Thomas Varney, Southeast by a town road leading from Morrill's store to the County road, passing G. W. Anderson's house; and southwesterly by said county road.

Also one acre of land more or less, being a part of lot No. 1, in the second division of 100 acre lots in said town, and bounded as follows, to wit: Northwest by Pleasant River, Southwest and Southeast by land now owned by Daniel H. Tukey, and Northeast by said County road, with the buildings thereon.

Recorded in the Cumberland Registry of Deeds Book 350, page 423.

Dated at Windham this 25th day of November, A. D., 1878.

no25d1aw3wM V. C. HALL, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

CUMBERLAND, SS.

TAKEN on execution and will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, the twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1878, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Sheriff's office, in Portland, in said County, all the right in equity which Joseph Perry of said Portland, had on the nineteenth day of June, A. D. 1878, at eight o'clock and ten minutes in the forenoon when the same was attached on the original writ, to redeem the following described mortgaged real estate, with the buildings thereon, situated in said Portland, viz: One-half in common and undivided of a certain lot of land with the buildings thereon, together with all articles therein affixed to and used in the house situated on the northerly side of Federal street, in said Portland, and being the same premises known as "Perry's Hotel," and bounded as follows, to wit; Southwesterly and northwesterly by land owned by the proprietors of the "United States Hotel," northeasterly by land of A. W. H. Clapp, and easterly by said Federal street, being the same premises conveyed to James G. Perry and John Devenux by Joseph Graffam, by his deed dated December 28th, A. D. 1866, and recorded in the Cumberland Registry of Deeds Book 349, page 248, and the same conveyed to said Graffam, by William P Coolidge, by his deed recorded in said Registry, Book 270, page 320.

Dated at Portland in said county, this twenty-third day of November, A. D. 878.

E. R BROWN, Deputy Sheriff.
no25 d1aw3wM

NOTICE IN BANKRPTCY.

In the matter of John Berryman, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the second meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the office of James D Fessenden, Register in Bankruptcy, in Portland, on the thirtieth day of November, A. D. 1878, at 12 m. and the third meeting on the second day of December at 12 m., for the purposes specified in Sections 5092 and 5093 of the Bankrupt Act.

JAMES MESERVE, Assignee.
no18 law2w m&w1t

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